

## Carla Hoekzema

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**From:** Tom McCormick <tommccormick@mac.com>  
**Sent:** Thursday, September 17, 2020 5:16 PM  
**To:** Plancom  
**Cc:** Rachael Markle; Carla Hoekzema  
**Subject:** [EXTERNAL] Comments and Edits on Point Wells draft Subarea Plan and Development Regulations  
**Attachments:** 2020-09-17 TMcCormick edits-comments.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Shoreline. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

[As my public comment, please enter this email and the attachment into the record for tonight's meeting.]

Commissioners:

Attached is a PDF within which I have embedded comments and suggested edits pertaining to the draft revised Point Wells Subarea Plan and the draft Development Regulations for Point Wells.

In addition to considering my embedded comments and edits, please also consider the following:

The meeting packet for tonight's meeting says at page 79 that:

"The subarea plan and policies will continue to advance as part of the annual Comprehensive Plan docket ☐ tentatively scheduled for potential Council adoption in December 2020. The development regulations are anticipated to be adopted at either the same time as the subarea plan policies or shortly after ☐ potentially pushing into early 2021. ... Staff will present a recommendation at the public hearing, tentatively scheduled for October 15."

There are two problems with the above.

First, a public hearing should not be held until a draft Environmental Impact Statement has been prepared, and circulated for Commissioners and the public to review and comment. Consider the timing of events in 2009-2010 when the original Point Wells subarea plan was studied and adopted, subsequent to the release of the City's draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement:

October 29, 2009 — City releases Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (draft SEIS), piggy-backing on parts of the SEIS for Point Wells prepared by Snohomish County.  
November 5, 2009 — Planning Commission first study session on draft Subarea Plan  
November 19, 2009 — Planning Commission second study session on draft Subarea Plan  
December 3, 2009 — Public hearing on Subarea Plan  
December 9, 2009 — City releases Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (final SEIS)  
December 10, 2009 special meeting — Planning Commission voted to recommend approval of Subarea Plan with amendments.

Second, it is wrong to consider simultaneously the new Point Wells Subarea Plan (part of the Comprehensive Plan) and amendments to the Development Regulations. Commissioners should study and take action on the new Subarea Plan at one series of meetings, with a Public Hearing. Once action has been completed on the Subarea Plan (part of the Comprehensive Plan), which may include recommending amendments to the draft version Staff has proposed, then, and

only then, and at a later date, should Commissioners consider taking action on the Development Regulations after a separate Public Hearing on the Development Regulations.

Thank you.

Tom McCormick

*"A small development at Point Wells  
with a second public access road,  
or no development at all."*

DRAFT – Revised September 9, 2020

## Point Wells Subarea Plan

### Geographic Context

The Point Wells Subarea is an unincorporated area of approximately ~~50~~<sup>60</sup> acres in the southwestern most corner of Snohomish County. It is bordered on the west by Puget Sound, on the east by the Town of Woodway, and on the south by the Town of Woodway and the City of Shoreline (see Figure 1). Point Wells is not contiguous with any other portion of unincorporated Snohomish County.

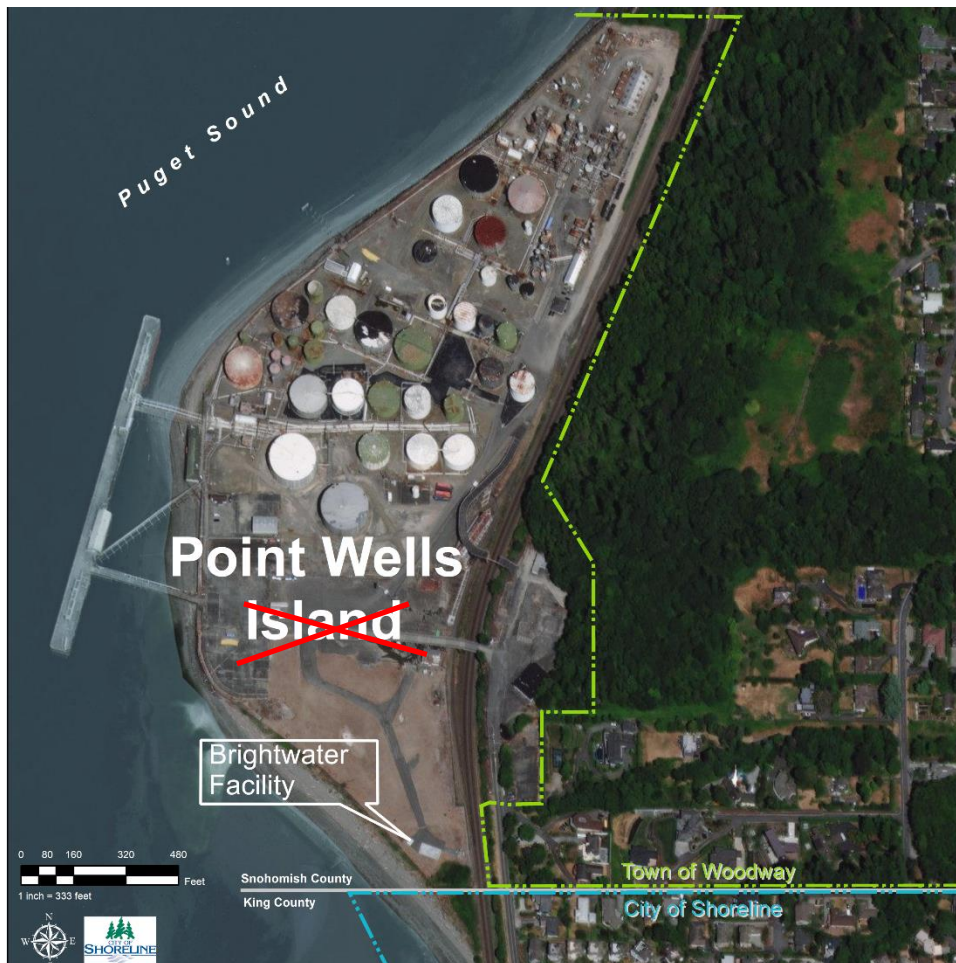


Figure 1. Point Wells Subarea

The only vehicular access to Point Wells is via Richmond Beach Drive and Richmond Beach Road and the regional road network via the City of Shoreline. However, there is potential for easterly access through the Town of Woodway connecting to 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue West.

## **County and Regional Context**

In order to meet the provisions of the Growth Management Act that ensure that plans are consistent and coordinated, the Snohomish and King County Countywide Planning Policies and the Puget Sound Regional Council's adopted growth strategy (Vision 2040) are used to guide the development of plans and development regulations for the subarea. The Snohomish County Comprehensive Plan designates the subarea as the Woodway Municipal Urban Growth Area (Woodway MUGA).

The Snohomish Countywide Planning Policies provide for the planning, development and annexation of unincorporated land situated in a municipality's MUGA. Specifically, Countywide Planning Policy DP-5 establishes the factors to be included in comprehensive plans for UGAs, and enables cities to prepare and adopt plans and development regulations for Municipal UGAs to which the city or town has determined it is capable of providing urban services at some point in the future via annexation. Further, policy DP-17 states that "*city comprehensive plans should have policies on annexing the areas in their unincorporated Urban Growth Area/Municipal Urban Growth Area*".

The Puget Sound Regional Council's adopted regional growth strategy, *Vision 2040*, directs unincorporated lands to annex to affiliated cities with services provided by the adjacent municipality. The *Vision 2040* goal for unincorporated urban growth areas states that "*all unincorporated lands within the urban growth area will either annex into existing cities or incorporate as new cities.*" Multicounty policies provide for unincorporated lands adjacent to cities to be affiliated with such cities and that annexation is preferred over incorporation. Additional policies support the provision of urban services to unincorporated urban areas by the adjacent city.

Thus, the Woodway Municipal Urban Growth Area Subarea Plan draws on the adopted goals and policies of both the County and Region in creating the plan's stated vision, goals, and policies.

## **Woodway Municipal Urban Growth Area Subarea Plan**

Point Wells is situated within Woodway's Municipal Urban Growth Area (MUGA). A subarea plan for the Woodway MUGA was adopted in April 2013 by the Woodway Town Council and incorporated into the Snohomish County General Policy Plan in 2015. The Point Wells Subarea Plan for Shoreline was adopted by the Shoreline City Council in 2011.

The Woodway MUGA subarea contains two distinct geographic areas; Point Wells and the land area located east of the BNSF railroad right of way commonly referred to as the Woodway Upper Bluff. The Upper Bluff was annexed into the Town in June 2015 and is planned and zoned for low density residential development. The Point Wells portion of the subarea is unincorporated in Snohomish County and is mostly situated west of the BNSF right of way and extends westward to Puget Sound. The southernmost portion of Point Wells is adjacent to the City of Shoreline in King County.

## **Shoreline Future Service and Annexation Area**

In 1998, the City identified Point Wells as a Potential Annexation Area, signifying its desire to annex Point Wells to the City. In 2012, the City amended this identifier to Future Service and Annexation Area (FSAA). The intent of the FSAA identification is not only to recognize Shoreline's intent that this area of unincorporated Snohomish County is appropriate for annexation to Shoreline at some point in the future but, that even if annexation did not occur, Shoreline would be the jurisdiction predominately providing public services to the area.

Although there is potential easterly access to Point Wells through the Town of Woodway connecting to 116th Avenue West, presently Point Wells is connected to the regional road network only via Richmond Beach Drive and Richmond Beach Road in the City of Shoreline. Therefore, services and infrastructure for future re-development of Point Wells would be most efficiently, effectively, and equitably provided by the City of Shoreline and its public safety partners. These would include police from the Shoreline police department and emergency medical services and fire protection from the Shoreline Fire Department. In addition, the City would be responsible for development permit processing, code enforcement, parks, recreation and cultural services, and public works roads maintenance.

Future residents of Point Wells would become a part of the Richmond Beach community by virtue of the shared parks, schools, libraries, shopping districts and road grid. As citizens of the City of Shoreline, they would be able to participate in the civic life of this "community of shared interests," including the City's Parks Board, Library Board, Planning Commission, or other advisory committees, and City Council.

## **Planning Background**

### **Town of Woodway**

The Town has been engaged in planning for the subarea for many years. In 1999, the Point Wells Advisory Committee was created to work with property owners, residents, and surrounding jurisdictions to prepare for the eventual conversion of the industrial asphalt use to an urban non-industrial use. The Advisory Committee prepared several alternatives for consideration by the Town Planning Commission and Council. The alternatives prepared by the Planning Commission focused on residential uses or passive open space for the upper bluff and a variation of three mixed-use land patterns with varying urban uses and densities for Point Wells. The separate alternative desired by the Point Wells landowner (Chevron-Texaco in 2000) was to maintain the current Industrial land use designation as set forth in the Snohomish County comprehensive plan. The Advisory Committee recommended that the Planning Commission select the residential alternative for the upper bluff and maintain the industrial alternative for Point Wells. The Town Council adopted the Planning Commission's recommendation with a specific policy in the 2000 Comprehensive Plan that stated the industrial designation would be used for the near-term but may be amended with a more intensive use when geo-political conditions warrant.

In 2009, Snohomish County received an application to amend its comprehensive plan for Point Wells from Industrial to Urban Center. As part of the Urban Center comp plan designation, the County received an application for the development of a mixed-use urban center. Following a ruling by the Central Puget Sound Growth Hearings Board that the Point Wells urban center designation did not meet the County’s criteria for an Urban Center, the County re-designated Point Wells in 2012 to the Urban Village future land use designation. Pursuant to the County’s General Policy Plan, Urban Villages are typically smaller and less intensive than an Urban Center.

With the re-designation of Point Wells by Snohomish County and the change in geo-political conditions, the Town embarked on a planning process to reconsider the previous Industrial designation of Point Wells. The Woodway Planning Commission prepared a new plan for the Point Wells portion of the MUGA subarea that was adopted by the Town Council in April 2013. That plan designates and zones the entire 60 acres of Point Wells as Urban Village. The Urban Village designation is implemented with the Town’s Urban Village zone district upon annexation. The district substantially replicates Snohomish County’s zoning, providing for mixed use land uses with a residential density range from 12 to 44 units per gross acre.

Note: Woodway's existing urban village rules use "net" acres, not "gross" acres. See Woodway Code sections 14.08.085 and 14.40.040(C).

**City of Shoreline**

net

The City of Shoreline also prepared a subarea plan for Point Wells in ~~2014~~ given that the primary access to Point Wells is via Richmond Beach Drive and that the majority of future transportation trips to and from Point Wells will impact Shoreline. The City’s subarea plan recognizes the Snohomish County development application of an intensive mixed-use proposal and seeks to mitigate land use, environmental, aesthetic, servicing and transportation impacts through the preparation of a transportation corridor study. The Shoreline subarea plan also proposes to provide urban services to the area following a future cross-county annexation.

2010

See Ord. 571 (2010).

In 2017 Shoreline began the process to enable a future annexation of Point Wells. The City proposed an amendment to the Snohomish County Planning Policies that, if approved, would allow the eventual cross-county annexation of Point Wells to Shoreline. The Snohomish County Tomorrow countywide planning group reviewed the proposal and recommended that Shoreline’s proposal be denied. The Snohomish County Council subsequently agreed and passed a motion rejecting the request in May 2018.

**Woodway/Shoreline Settlement Agreement**

As previously stated, Point Wells has been identified as a future annexation area for both the City of Shoreline and Town of Woodway in each jurisdiction’s Comprehensive Plan. Both plans include vision statements and policies regarding the planning, servicing and development of Point Wells. Given that both jurisdictions have had disagreements in the past concerning the governance of Point Wells that have resulted in litigation and attendant expenditure of valuable municipal resources, it is prudent for

both jurisdictions to move forward with a cooperative approach to plan for the desired future land uses, services, environmental considerations and annexation of Point Wells.

Toward this end, Woodway and Shoreline both agree that it is of mutual benefit to provide a framework on how both jurisdictions will work together to plan for future land uses, servicing and redevelopment of Point Wells. The mayors of both cities signed a Settlement and Interlocal Agreement in October 2019 to address issues regarding annexation, development standards, individual city responsibilities, servicing, and resolution of outstanding litigation between the two cities.

**Framework**

Given that both jurisdictions have individual subarea plans for Point Wells, and Shoreline and the Town desire to coordinate their planning for the site, the policies and implementing development regulations (that would become effective upon annexation) presented below are intended to be largely identical in both jurisdictions' subarea plans.

**Vision for Point Wells**

2050

This should be at least 2050. Cleanup of the site will take many years, possibly even "decades" per an internal Dept. Of Ecology email that I have.

The current planning horizon for the Woodway and Shoreline Comprehensive Plans extends to ~~2035~~. The vision listed below is intended to guide land use decision-making throughout the planning period and provide the basis for a series of land use, servicing, governance and environmental policies that will be implemented with the application of practical development regulations and design standards.

The vision for Point Wells is:

To create a unique, primarily residential, Puget Sound shoreline community compatible with surrounding neighborhoods. Appropriately scaled mixed-use buildings will be pedestrian-oriented and incorporate exceptional architecture, sustainable design and building heights that preserve public view corridors. The community will be designed and developed with low-impact, environmentally sustainable development practices and infrastructure, and include a restored natural environment, well-designed public gathering spaces and a waterfront that emphasizes habitat restoration and extensive public access to the Puget Sound.

**Point Wells Subarea Goals and Policies**

A set of goals and policies are listed below to enable the communities to move forward with land use decisions and actions to implement the vision for Point Wells.

**Land Use Goal 1:** Point Wells is designated as Planned Area 4 by the City of Shoreline and an Urban Village by the Town of Woodway. Both designations are based on a coordinated planning effort and incorporated into the comprehensive plan for the Town of Woodway and City of Shoreline. Development of Point Wells occurs pursuant to a master plan approved through a development agreement enabled by the City's

Development Code and implementing Planned Area 4 regulations. The master plan is prepared by an applicant and includes a primarily residential community that is compatible with surrounding neighborhoods. Mixed-use buildings will be appropriately scaled and pedestrian-oriented and designed consistent with the City’s design standards. The development will be supported by a full range of urban services.

**Land Use Policies**

Note: Woodway's existing urban village rules use "net" acres, not "gross" acres. See Woodway Code sections 14.08.085 and 14.40.040(C).

LU Policy 1: Characteristics of the Planned Area 4 designation include a mix of land uses, integrated into a pedestrian-scaled pattern with sustainable site improvements, infrastructure, buildings, and open spaces. The predominant use is residential, with any medium density multi-family residential housing situated in multi-story buildings of varying heights, strategically sited to preserve and enhance public view corridors. The maximum allowable residential density is 44 units per gross acre, with attendant uses including but not limited to retail, office, transit facilities, structured parking, and public spaces. Site design emphasizes defined building envelopes separated with open space corridors, pedestrian circulation throughout the site and public access to a restored shoreline.

net

LU Policy 2: Implementation of the Planned Area 4 designation will occur through the adoption of a Planned Area 4 zone district that will best implement the vision, goals, and policies for the Point Wells Subarea. The implementing zone district should address at a minimum: permitted land uses, building height, open space requirements, bulk standards, parking, and master plan requirements. The maximum building height is 75 feet. A development agreement enabled by RCW 36.70B will serve as the entitlement for development approval of the master plan. The City’s development regulations, including but not limited to zoning, subdivision standards, critical area regulations, stormwater regulations, and shoreline master programs, will be applicable upon annexation.

including landslide hazard regulations

LU Policy 3: Urban design standards will be prepared to serve as a guide for the planning, design and construction of buildings, street network, parking, pedestrian spaces, signage, open space, utility placement, landscaping and servicing. Administration of the design standards will occur through administrative review and approval.

**Capital Facilities/Utilities Goal 2:** Point Wells is served with a full range of urban services, including sewer and water, stormwater facilities, fire protection, law enforcement, energy and telecommunication facilities provided through the City, special purpose districts, and regional providers. Alternative energy sources such as solar, wind and co-generation facilities should be incorporated into the master plan to reduce its carbon footprint.

CF/U Policy 1: The provision of urban services provided by special purpose districts, regional providers or other local governments will be managed by the City.

NOTE: Snohomish County's PDS determined that developer's current Urban Center application violates the County's landslide hazard rules, and has recommended denial of the developer's request for a deviation from those rules. Because landslide issues loom so large, the Subarea Plan should specifically incorporate reference to the City's landslide hazard regulations.



CF/U Policy 2: Each jurisdiction may negotiate with development proponents to determine which, if any, of required new capital facilities will be dedicated to the Town and which, if any, will remain private. All planned capital facilities for Point Wells should be coordinated with the City and service providers.

CF/U Policy 3: All proposed electric and communication line extensions to Point Wells should be installed underground in public rights-of-way or utility easements. All underground utility installations outside of public rights of way should be improved with appropriate landscaping.

***Transportation/Circulation Goal 3:*** Vehicular access to and from Point Wells is of paramount concern. Transportation impacts are identified and fully mitigated in all development proposal applications. Richmond Beach Drive remains as a local access street to adjacent properties and the Richmond Beach Neighborhood, with multimodal street improvements. Secondary access through Woodway is designed and constructed to address environmental constraints and impacts to neighbors, to accommodate multimodal uses, including pedestrian, emergency services and vehicular access.

T/C Policy 1: A transportation corridor study and mitigation plan ~~should~~<sup>must</sup> be prepared and funded by development applicants under the direction of the City, with input, participation, and leadership, as appropriate, from Woodway, Snohomish County, WSDOT, and other stakeholders. The scope of the study and mitigation plan should be prepared by each jurisdiction with an emphasis on identification of impacts and mitigating measures, design improvements and associated costs, needed services, including design and financing for multimodal solutions to improve mobility within the surrounding neighborhoods and communities.

T/C Policy 2: The needed improvements identified in the corridor study and mitigation plan should be built and operational concurrent with the occupancy of any approved phasing of the development.

T/C Policy 3: Development within Point Wells shall not generate more than 4,000 average daily trips onto Richmond Beach Drive within the City of Shoreline and the remaining Richmond Beach Road Corridor shall not exceed a level of service (LOS) D with 0.9 volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio.

T/C Policy 4: Any combination of residential or commercial development or redevelopment that would generate 250 or more average daily trips shall provide a general-purpose public access road wholly within the Town of Woodway that connects into Woodway's transportation network and provides a full second vehicular access point from Point Wells into Woodway.

T/C Policy 5: A network of well-connected streets, sidewalks, and multipurpose pathways should be developed as part of a master plan and constructed and phased concurrently with redevelopment of the subarea.

must be

**Environmental Preservation/Protection Goal 4:** Point Wells is a unique landform on Puget Sound with sensitive environmental features that are identified and protected through federal, state, and local legislative edicts. The current site conditions and contamination ~~is~~ remediated and monitored to provide for a clean and safe environment for residents, visitors, flora, and fauna. Low impact development techniques are incorporated into site development and the near shore environment is enhanced and preserved consistent with the goals, policies and regulations of the City's Shoreline Master Program.

EP/P Policy 1: Site restoration and clean-up will be managed by the State Department of Ecology, with participation and input by Snohomish County, the Town of Woodway, the City, and other stakeholders.

EP/P Policy 2: Extensive environmental review, documentation and analysis will be managed by the City and funded by the applicants seeking entitlements for development. The scope of the environmental review will be determined by all jurisdictions and agencies affected by the proposal within the context of the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), including the impacts of sea level rise and climate change on the development proposal.

taking into account the date that full buildout of the site is likely to occur.

EP/P Policy 3: The proposed location of buildings, streets, infrastructure, and other physical site improvements set out in the master plan should avoid impacts to the sensitive environmental constraints and features in the subarea. The development agreement will include provisions for monitoring of environmental features including but not limited to soil, groundwater, and sea level rise.

EP/P Policy 4: Consistent with the goals, policies and regulations of the City's Shoreline Master Program, the near shore environment will be restored and enhanced to predevelopment conditions and incorporate extensive public access and passive open space improvements.

EP/P Policy 5: The master plan should incorporate sustainable site and building design that serves as a leader in current practices that implement sustainability.

**Governance Goal 5:** Planning for future development of Point Wells has been and will continue to be of interest to all three affected local jurisdictions - Snohomish County, Shoreline and Woodway as well as other key stakeholders. Pursuant to the Growth Management Act, PSRC Vision 2040, and Countywide Planning Policies, Point Wells is annexed to Woodway and provided with urban services. Woodway has coordinated all aspects of the proposed development with affected jurisdictions and agencies to assure each jurisdiction's respective interests are appropriately addressed. If Woodway, by resolution or formal action of its Town Council, notifies Shoreline of Woodway's election to not annex Point Wells, Shoreline may seek annexation of Point Wells pursuant to applicable statutes.

NOTE: Considering the many years, even decades, that cleanup could take, plus the time to secure all needed approvals and complete all construction, it could be 40 or 50 years or more before full buildout is achieved. Consider one example: if Puget Sound rises by one foot in 50 years (which some experts predict), the Ordinary High Water Mark could move inland by 5 - 15 feet, jeopardizing the site area.

G Policy 1: The City’s institutional processes related to the planning, servicing and administration of entitlements should be participatory, accountable, transparent, efficient, inclusive and respect the rule of law.

G Policy 2: The City shall provide the Town of Woodway with at least 30 calendar days written notice (unless otherwise agreed to or waived in writing), and a review and comment opportunity, before any legislative actions that may modify or amend the Point Wells Subarea Plan or implementing development regulations, or that otherwise impacts the uses, development, or redevelopment of the subarea. Notice shall include, but not be limited to, notice of all Planning Commission and City Council meetings and hearings related to such legislative considerations or actions.

**Subarea Land Use Plan Designation**

[Insert Subarea Map Designating Subarea “Planned Area 4”]

*Figure 2 – Land Use*

**Subarea Zoning**

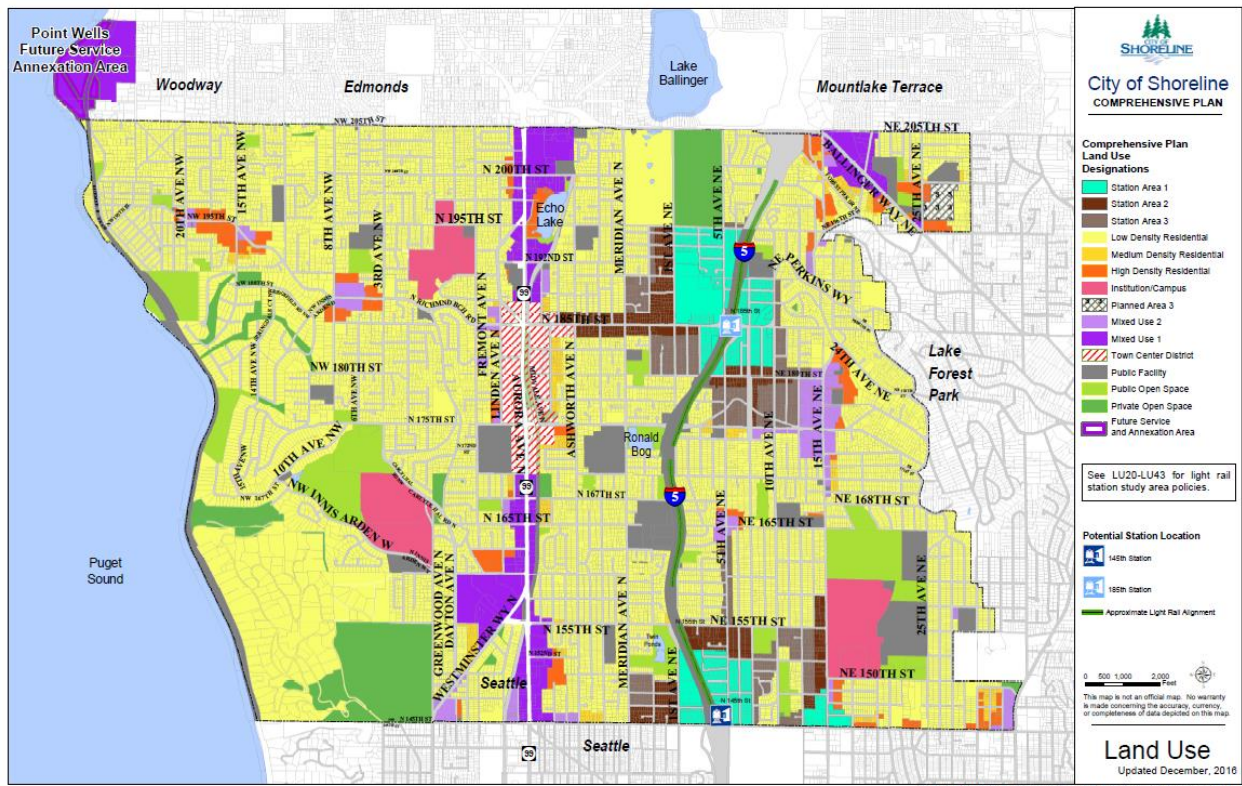
[Insert Subarea Map Designating Zoning “Planned Area 4”]

*Figure 3 – Zoning*

Proposed Comprehensive Plan Amendments

LU51: Pursue annexation of Point Wells pursuant to the Settlement and Interlocal Agreement Between City of Shoreline and Town of Woodway. If annexed to the City of Shoreline, and implement the Planned Area 4 land use designation and the City of Shoreline Point Wells Subarea Plan for this area.

Revise Land Use Map to Change Point Wells FSAA from Mixed Use 1 to Planned Area 4



**DRAFT - Revised August 28, 2020**

**NEW – Chapter 20.94**

**Point Wells – Planned Area 4**

**20.94.010 Purpose and applicability.**

The purpose of the Point Wells – Planned Area 4 (“PA 4”) zone is to implement the goals and policies of the Point Wells Subarea Plan, which envisions a pedestrian-oriented mixed-use development consisting of primarily residential uses in a variety of housing types with limited commercial uses along with public recreation access.

**20.94.015 Relationship to other regulations.**

Development in the PA 4 zone is subject to SMC 20.80, Critical Areas; Division II of the Development Code, Shoreline Master Plan; and SMC 13.12, Floodplain Management. Where conflicts occur between provisions of this subchapter and other City regulations, the more restrictive provisions shall apply.

**20.94.020 Permitted uses.**

- A. Land uses listed in Table 20.94.020A are permitted, subject to an approved development agreement.
- B. Land uses not listed in Table 20.94.020A may be permitted as part of an approved development agreement, provided the development agreement includes written findings that the unlisted land use(s) is consistent with the Point Wells Subarea Plan and the purpose of this subchapter.

Table 20.94.020A

NAICS #	SPECIFIC LAND USE
	Live/work units
	Assisted living facilities
	Apartment/Multifamily
	Single-Family Attached (Townhomes)
	Single-family Detached
722	Eating and Drinking Establishments (excluding Gambling Uses) <sup>1</sup>
<del>72111</del>	<del>Hotel/Motel</del>
	General Retail Trade/Services <sup>2</sup>
	Professional Office
	Parks and Trails
	Recreation/cultural
	Personal services
	Financial institutions
	Parking structures and surface parking lots, accessory to a primary use
	Health and fitness facilities
921	General government/public administration facilities
92216	Fire facility
92212	Police facility
221	Utilities <sup>3</sup>
	Wireless Telecommunication Facility <sup>4</sup>
	Home Occupation
	Accessory dwelling units

Footnotes:

1. Drive-thrus are prohibited.
2. These general retail trade/services are prohibited in the PA 4 zone:
  - a. Adult use facilities;
  - b. Smoke/vape shop (a business that sells drug paraphernalia and smoking products);
  - c. Marijuana Operations
  - d. Firearm sales;
  - e. Pawnshops; and
  - f. Vehicle sales and service.
3. Utility facilities necessary to serve development in the PA 4 zone are permitted. Utility transmission and distribution shall be located underground. Utility facilities in existence as of [date of ord.] are not subject to a Development Agreement or Master Development Plan.
4. Subject to the provisions of SMC 20.40.600.

net

**20.94.025 Development standards.**

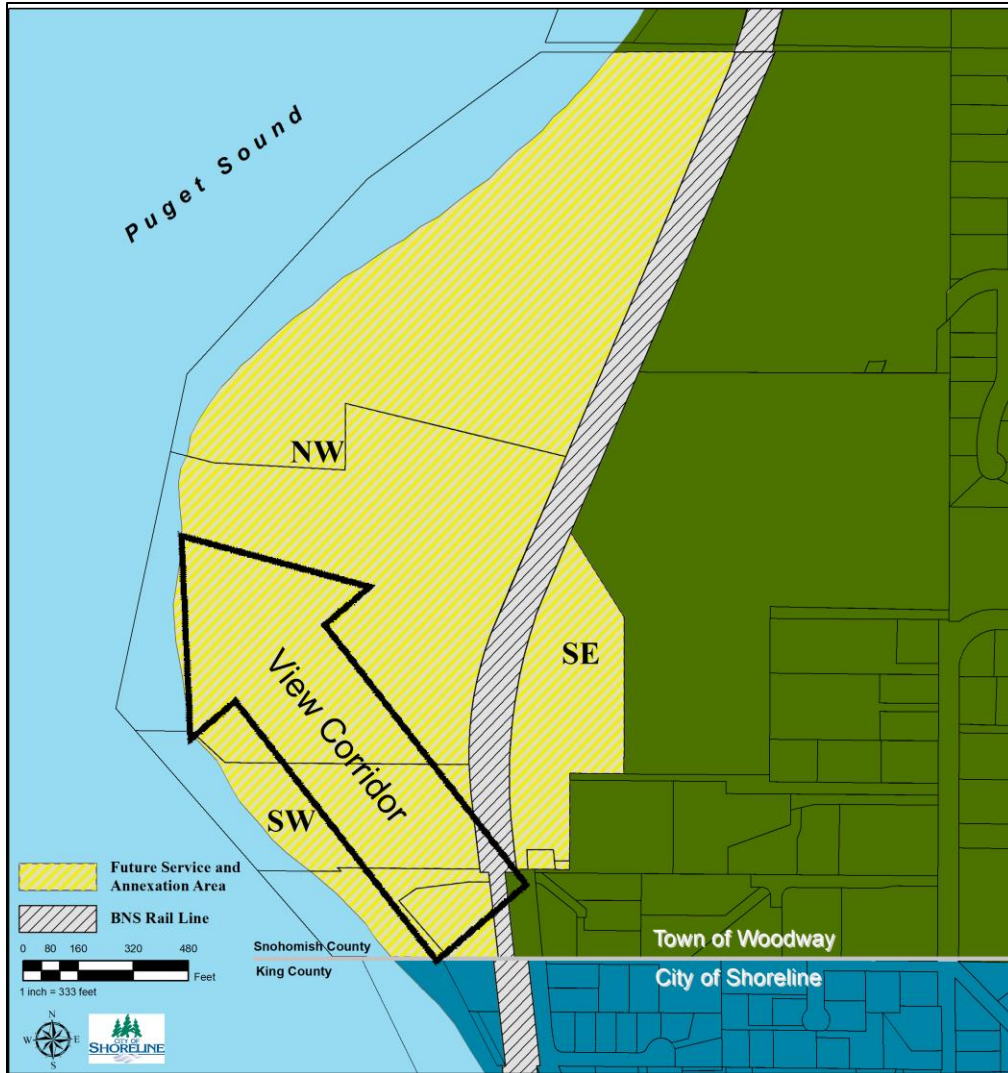
- A. Residential Density. Development shall not exceed a maximum density of 44 dwelling units per ~~gross~~ acre.
- B. No building within the development shall exceed 60 dwelling units.
- C. No building within the development shall have a footprint that exceeds 10,000 square feet.
- D. Setbacks. Setbacks shall be consistent with applicable design standards and identified as part of an approved development agreement.
- E. Lot dimensions. There is no minimum lot size or width. Any subdivision of land or alteration of property lines is subject to Subchapter 7 of the Development Code, Subdivisions.
- F. Utilities. All utilities shall be underground. Location of utilities and mechanical areas shall comply with applicable design standards.

**20.94.030 Building Height**

- A. The maximum building height shall be 45 feet, except areas east of the BNSF railroad right-of-way the maximum building height shall be 35 feet.
- B. The maximum building height may be increased to 75 feet west of the BNSF railroad right-of-way provided the applicant conducts a view analysis demonstrating public views from Richmond Beach Drive to Admiralty Inlet are not impacted (as depicted on Figure 20.94.030A). The view analysis and accompanying height limits shall be reviewed and approved concurrently with a development agreement.
- C. Building height shall be measured pursuant to SMC 20.50.050.

Figure 20.94.030A

Note: Woodway's existing urban village rules use "net" acres, not "gross" acres. See Woodway Code sections 14.08.085 and 14.40.040(C).



**20.94.035 Parking.**

A. Development in the PA 4 zone shall comply with the following parking ratios:

Table 20.94.035A

Use	Minimum Spaces Required
Single-family detached/attached/townhouse	2.0 per dwelling unit
Apartment/Multifamily:	<b>1.0</b>
Studio and one bedroom units	<del>0.75</del> per dwelling unit ←
Two bedroom or more units	1.5 per dwelling unit
Accessory dwelling units	1.0 per dwelling unit
Home occupation	In addition to required parking for the dwelling unit, 1 for any nonresident employed by the home occupation and 1 for patrons when services are rendered on site
Assisted Living Facilities	1 per 3 dwelling or sleeping units
Restaurants	1 per 75 square feet in dining or lounge area

Should be 1.0. This is especially important because of Point Wells" remote location and lack of high capacity transit access.

Hotel/Motel	1 per unit
Conference center	1 per 3 fixed seats, plus 1 per 50 square feet used for assembly purposes without fixed seats, or 1 per bedroom, whichever results in the greater number of spaces
Retail trade uses	1 per 400 square feet
Professional office uses	1 per 500 square feet
Recreation/culture	1 per 300 square feet
Parks and trails <b>and public beach access</b>	Parking analysis
General services uses	1 per 300 square feet
Health and fitness facilities	1 per 300 square feet
Public facilities and utilities <b>"net square feet," the</b>	Parking analysis <b>excluding</b>

Note: ~~Net~~ square feet in the table above refers to net usable area ~~and excludes~~ walls, corridors, lobbies, bathrooms, etc.

- B. If the formula for determining the number of parking spaces results in a fraction, the number of parking spaces shall be rounded to the nearest whole number, with fractions of 0.50 or greater rounding up and fractions below 0.50 rounding down.
- C. Uses not listed, or uses listed with a parking ratio referring to "Parking analysis" in Table 20.94.035A shall undergo a parking demand analysis prepared by a qualified professional with expertise in parking demand studies. The parking demand study shall be reviewed and approved concurrently with a development agreement.
- D. Public parking areas shall be distributed throughout the project and provided at a rate appropriate to serve publicly-accessible recreation and open space areas.
- E. An applicant may request a reduction of the minimum required parking spaces with the approval of a parking management plan. The parking management plan shall be reviewed and approved concurrently with a development agreement.
- F. Development in the PA 4 zone shall comply with SMC 20.50.410, Parking design standards; SMC 20.50.420, Vehicle access and circulation; and SMC 20.50.440, Bicycle facilities.

**20.94.040 Recreation and open space.**

- A. Development in the PA 4 zone shall provide an integrated public open space network that links together the various open spaces throughout the development and provides public access to shorelines, public open space areas, and publicly-accessible parking.
- B. All development shall provide public recreation and open space at a minimum rate of 10 percent of the gross site area. The minimum public recreation and open space area shall not include, **and shall be** shoreline public access as required pursuant to the Shoreline Management Act, RCW 90.58. **in addition to,**
- C. Public recreation and open space areas shall include a mix of active and passive uses.
- D. For developments with an approved phasing plan, each phase of a development shall include a minimum of 10 percent of the gross recreation and open space area required for the phase.

**20.94.045 Transportation.**

A transportation study shall be prepared and submitted with the application for a development agreement. The scope of the transportation study shall be established by the City Traffic Engineer and include at a minimum the following elements:



- A. Development within Point Wells shall not generate more than to 4,000 average daily trips (ADT) onto Richmond Beach Drive within the City of Shoreline and the remaining Richmond Beach Road Corridor shall not exceed a level of service (LOS) D with 0.9 volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio.
- B. Any combination of residential or commercial development or redevelopment that would generate 250 or more average daily trips shall provide a general-purpose public access road wholly within the Town of Woodway that connects into Woodway’s transportation network and provides a full second vehicular access point from Point Wells into Woodway.
- C. Connectivity. Development in the PA 4 zone shall provide a network of streets, sidewalks, and multipurpose pathways that are well connected and provide efficient circulation throughout the zone and connect to the surrounding transportation network.
- D. Public and private street cross sections. Street cross sections shall be developed to complement adjoining land uses and implement applicable design standards while also meeting engineering standards for safety and function, and the most recently adopted City of Shoreline Engineering Development Manual. Cross sections for each type of street within the development shall be reviewed and approved concurrently with a development agreement. The table below describes the primary elements for types of streets anticipated within a development.

Table 20.94.045A

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Primary Street (both sides)</b>	<b>Secondary Street (both sides)</b>
Sidewalk	12'	7'
Amenity Zone	5'	5'
Landscaping	Street trees 30' on center	Street trees 30' on center
On Street Parking	Yes (both sides)	Yes (one side)
General Purpose Lane	11' max. lane width	10.5' max. lane width
Right-of-Way Minimum	60'-70'	52.5'

Figure 20.94.045A

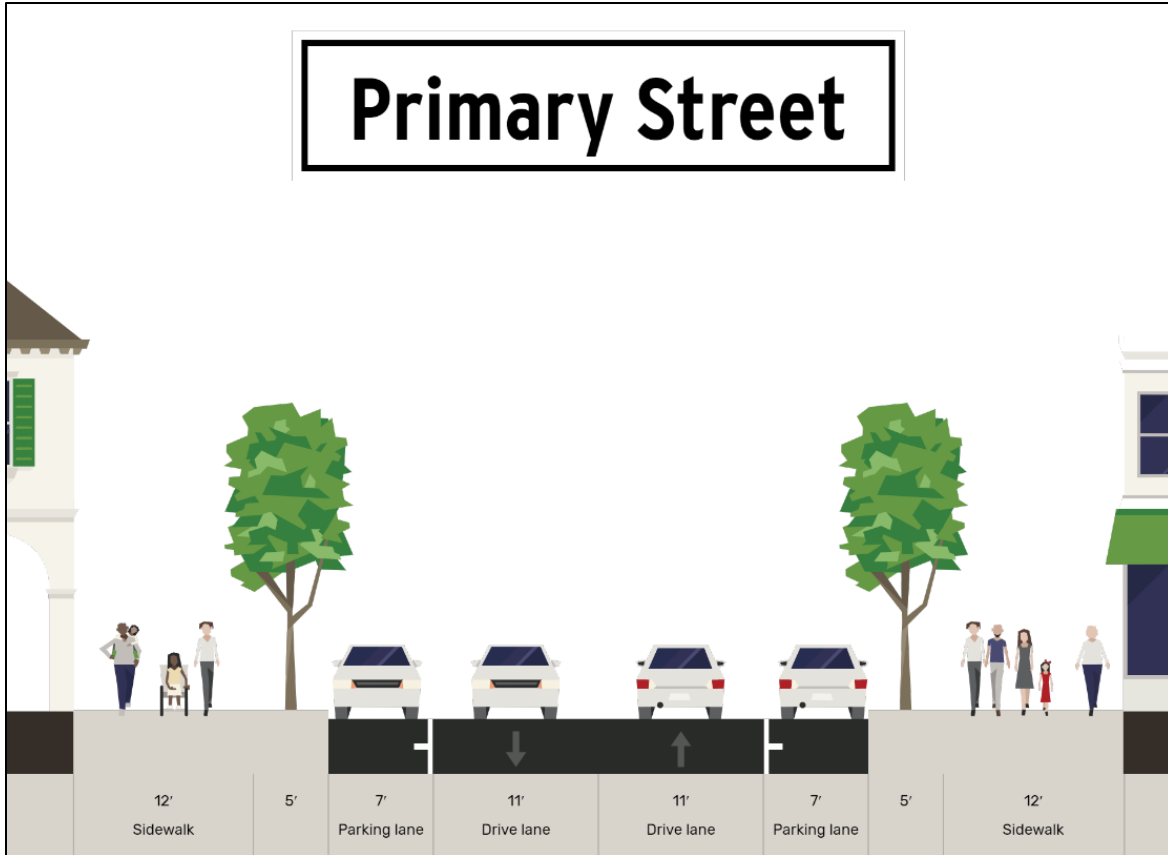
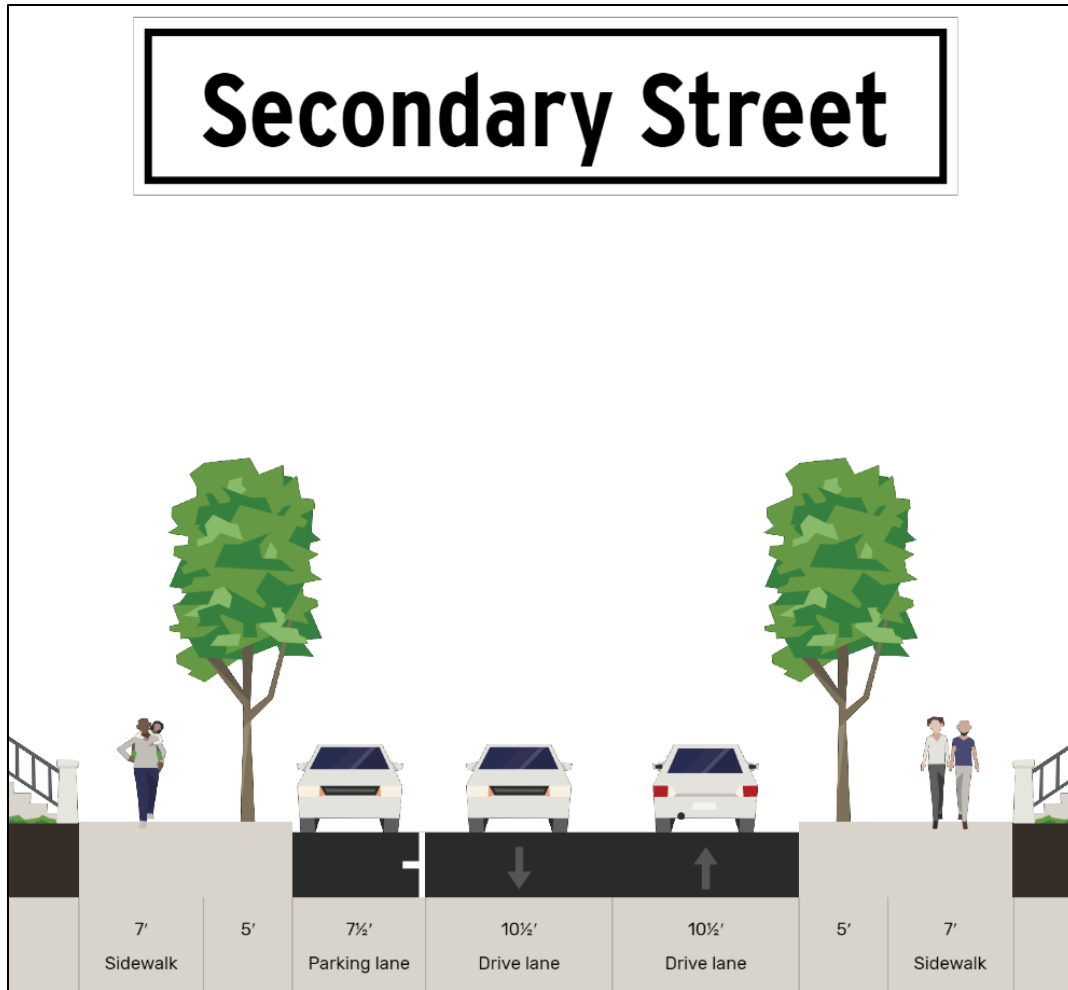


Figure 20.94.045B



**20.94.050 Design standards.**

Development in the PA 4 zone other than single family detached homes is subject to SMC 20.50 Subchapter 3, Single-Family Attached Residential Design or SMC 20.50 Subchapter 4, Commercial and Multifamily Zone Design.

**20.94.055 Landscaping.**

Landscaping shall be provided throughout the site and integrated as part of the overall project design. Landscaping shall be provided on the perimeter of the site adjacent to existing development. A development-wide conceptual landscape plan identifying landscape locations, dimensions, and type shall be reviewed and approved with the development agreement.

**20.94.060 Signs.**

Signs within the PA 4 zone shall comply with SMC 20.50 Subchapter 8, Signs.

**20.94.065 Sustainability.**

Development in the PA 4 zone shall meet or exceed Tier 4 of the Deep Green development standards, as defined in SMC 20.50 Subchapter 9, Deep Green Incentive Program.

**20.94.070 Outdoor Lighting.**

- A. In addition to the lighting standards in SMC 20.50.115 and the lighting requirements in the design standards, outdoor lighting shall be located and designed to eliminate light pollution by meeting the following:
  - 1. Fixtures shall contain shielding and/or direct cut-off lighting;
  - 2. Fixtures shall be no brighter than necessary to light the intended area;
  - 3. Color temperatures shall minimize blue light emissions to the extent feasible;
  - 4. Timers, dimmers, motion sensors or other adaptive control methods shall be utilized where feasible to turn off lighting when unnecessary; and
  - 5. Up-lighting shall be limited to accent features, landscaping, and state or federal flags.

**20.94.075 Tree Preservation and Management**

Development in the PA 4 zone shall comply with SMC 20.50 Subchapter 5, Tree Conservation, Land Clearing and Site Grading Standards.

**20.94.080 Neighborhood meeting.**

- A. The applicant shall conduct a neighborhood meeting to discuss the proposed development. The meeting must be held at least 30 days prior to submitting a development agreement application.
- B. The purpose of the neighborhood meeting is to:
  - 1. Ensure the applicant pursues early and effective public participation in conjunction with the proposal, giving the applicant an opportunity to understand and mitigate any real and perceived impacts the proposed development might have to the neighborhood or neighboring cities;
  - 2. Ensure that residents, property owners, business owners, and nearby cities have an opportunity at an early stage to learn about how the proposed development might affect them and to work with the applicant to resolve concerns prior to submittal of a development application.
- C. The neighborhood meeting shall meet the following requirements:
  - 1. Notice of the neighborhood meeting shall be provided by the applicant and shall include the date, time and location of the neighborhood meeting and a description of the project, zoning of the property, site and vicinity maps, the land use applications that may be required, and the name and contact information of the applicant or representative of the applicant to contact for additional information.
  - 2. The notice shall be provided at a minimum to property owners located within 1,000 feet of the proposal, the neighborhood chair as identified by the Shoreline Office of Neighborhoods (note: if a proposed development is within 500 feet of adjacent neighborhoods, those chairs shall also be notified), any city or town whose municipal boundaries are within one mile of the subject property, and to the Department.
  - 3. The notice shall be postmarked 10 to 14 days prior to the neighborhood meeting.
  - 4. The neighborhood meeting shall be held within the City limits of Shoreline.
  - 5. The neighborhood meeting shall be held anytime between the hours of 5:30 p.m. and 9:30 p.m. on weekdays or anytime between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. on weekends.
- D. The neighborhood meeting agenda shall cover the following items:
  - 1. Introduction of neighborhood meeting organizer (i.e. developer, property owner, etc.);
  - 2. Description of proposed project that includes proposed mix of land uses including the number of dwelling units and amount of nonresidential square footage, number of parking spaces, and location and amount of open space;

3. Listing of permits that are anticipated for the project;
  4. Description of how comments made at the neighborhood meeting will be used;
  5. Provide meeting attendees with the City's contact information;
  6. Provide a sign-up sheet for attendees.
- E. The applicant shall provide to the City a written summary of the neighborhood meeting to be included with the development application. The summary shall include the following:
1. A copy of the mailed notice of the neighborhood meeting with a list to whom it was mailed;
  2. A list of persons who attended the meeting and their addresses;
  3. A summary of concerns, issues, and problems expressed during the meeting.

**20.94.085 Review process.**

- A. A development agreement, pursuant to RCW 36.70B.170 is required for any new development in the PA 4 zone and shall set forth the development standards, conditions, and other provisions that shall apply to govern and vest the development, use, and mitigation of the development. For the purposes of this section, "development standards" includes, but is not limited to:
1. Project elements such as permitted uses, residential densities, and nonresidential densities and intensities or building sizes;
  2. The amount and payment of impact fees imposed or agreed to in accordance with any applicable provisions of State law, any reimbursement provisions, other financial contributions by the property owner, inspection fees, or dedications;
  3. Mitigation measures, development conditions, and other requirements under Chapter 43.21C RCW;
  4. Design standards such as building massing, architectural elements, maximum heights, setbacks, conceptual street and streetscapes, drainage and water quality requirements, palette of potential building materials, conceptual lighting, landscaping, and other development features;
  5. Affordable housing units;
  6. Park development and open space preservation;
  7. Phasing of development;
  8. Review procedures and standards for implementing decisions;
  9. A build-out or vesting period for applicable standards;
  10. Any other appropriate development requirement or procedure;
  11. Preservation of significant trees; and
  12. Connecting, establishing, and improving nonmotorized access.
- B. The City Council shall review the development agreement and may approve, or approve within conditions, the development agreement when all of the following are met:
1. The proposed development is consistent with goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan as well as the goals and policies of the Point Wells Subarea Plan.
  2. The proposed development is consistent with the goals, policies, and regulations of the City's Shoreline Master Program.
  3. There is either sufficient capacity and infrastructure (e.g., roads, sidewalks, bike lanes) that meet the City's adopted level of service standards (as confirmed by the performance of a transportation impact analysis) in the transportation system (motorized and nonmotorized) to safely support the development proposed in all future phases, or there will be adequate capacity and infrastructure by the time each phase of development is completed. If capacity or infrastructure must be increased to

support the proposed development agreement, the applicant must identify a plan for funding their proportionate share of the improvements.

4. There is either sufficient capacity within public services such as water, sewer and stormwater to adequately serve the development proposal in all future phases, or there will be adequate capacity available by the time each phase of development is completed. If capacity must be increased to support the proposed development agreement, then the applicant must identify a plan for funding their proportionate share of the improvements.
  5. The development demonstrates high quality design elements consistent with the City's applicable design standards as referenced in SMC 20.50, Subchapters 2-4.
- C. Development agreement approval procedures. The City Council may approve development agreements through the following procedure:
1. A development agreement application incorporating the elements stated in subsection B of this section may be submitted by a property owner with any additional related information as determined by the Director. After staff review and SEPA compliance, <sup>including preparation of a project-specific Environmental Impact Statement</sup> the Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing on the application. The Planning Commission shall then make a recommendation to the City Council pursuant to the criteria set forth in subsection B of this section and the applicable goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan. The City Council shall approve, approve with additional conditions, or deny the development agreement by ordinance or resolution;
  2. Recorded Development Agreement. Upon City Council approval of a development agreement under the procedure set forth in this subsection C, the property owner shall execute and record the development agreement with the Snohomish County Auditor's Office to run with the land and bind and govern development of the property.
- D. Consultation on land use permit applications. The City shall provide the Town of Woodway written notice of all land use permit applications in the PA 4 zone within 30 days of permit application, consistent with chapter 36.70B RCW, Local Project Review. Staff from the Town of Woodway shall be invited to attend meetings between Shoreline staff and the applicant relating to such permit applications, pre-application meetings, and shall be provided an opportunity to review and comment.

**20.94.090 Amendments to regulations and standards.**

The City of Shoreline shall provide the Town of Woodway with at least 30 calendar days written notice (unless otherwise agreed to or waived in writing), and a review and comment opportunity, before any legislative actions that may modify or amend the PA 4 development regulations, or that otherwise impacts the uses, development, or redevelopment of the Point Wells area. Notice shall include, but not be limited to, notice of all Planning Commission and City Council meetings and hearings related to such legislative considerations or actions.