CITY OF SHORELINE

ANNUAL POLICE SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS & DATA
2008

Provided for the Residents by:

POLICE CHIEF DAN PINGREY, CITY OF SHORELINE POLICE DEPARTMENT
1206 N. 185th St.
Shoreline, WA 98133
(206) 546-6730
pd@ci.shoreline.wa.us

City of Shoreline Administration

MAYOR	Cindy Ryu
DEPUTY MAYOR	Terry Scott
COUNCIL MEMBERS	Chris Eggen
	Ronald Hansen
	Doris McConnell
	Keith McGlashan
	Janet Way
CITY MANAGER	Robert Olander
CHIEF OF POLICE	Chief Dan Pingrey

From Your Police Chief

March 2009

Dear Residents of Shoreline,

I am pleased to present the ninth annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report. This report serves as our "report card" and highlights crime trends, crime prevention efforts, and overall performance of your Shoreline Police Department for 2008.

The City of Shoreline experienced a slight decrease in serious crimes. We continued to see a decline overall for the second consecutive year, largely due to significant reductions in auto thefts and robberies. The Police Department has aggressively worked to reduce these crimes and our efforts have paid off. We have also worked hard in the areas of criminal investigations, public education, and crime prevention. Our traffic accidents were also down. Traffic safety is one of our top priorities as making our streets safe for drivers and pedestrians is something we take very seriously.

Although commercial burglaries decreased in 2008, we did see a significant increase in residential burglaries, causing an overall increase in burglary in 2008. We are working hard to improve our communication with Block Watch groups and all of our citizens to educate and increase awareness around these crimes. We are also working with the Prosecuting Attorney's Office on a program to identify the top offenders and enhance sentencing.

Shoreline Police officers responded to 11,173 dispatched calls for service in 2008. Our average response time to life threatening calls was an excellent 3.31 minutes, which is well below the national standard of 5 minutes and faster than our 2007 response times.

Our community police stations continue to provide excellent services, including block watches, business watches, victim call backs, court notifications, and vacation house checks. We have a strong cadre of volunteers who donate more than 400 hours each month in service to their community through these programs. These volunteers allow us to offer programs like the Auto Theft Deterrent Club Program out of both storefronts. We thank all our volunteers for their valuable efforts in 2008!

Shoreline is a safe community in which to live, work and play. We ask each citizen to consider joining us in our efforts to reduce crime by starting or joining a neighborhood watch program, becoming a volunteer, or signing up for the Civilian Emergency Responder Training (CERT) and the Citizen's Police Academy. Your Police Department takes great pride in serving the residents of Shoreline. We do our very best job when the community is involved with us.

We are excited to continue to build upon the success of the past 14 years!

Respectfully Submitted,

Daniel Pingrey
Chief of Police
City of Shoreline Police Department

About

Section 1: Police Service Highlights

Section 2: Police Service Data

About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report

The Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the Shoreline Police Department to support its mission, goals, and objectives. The goal of the report is to keep the City of Shoreline residents, staff, administrators, and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city. The report is produced by the City of Shoreline Police Department in partnership with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) Research, Planning and Informational Services and Contracts Units. Questions about the report can be directed to the Shoreline chief of police.

The Police Service Highlights section gives a narrative of police efforts and year-to-year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Most of the data in this section is taken from the Police Services Data section unless otherwise indicated as being from a difference source.

The Police Service Data section provides further detailed crime and police service data. Please note that numbers in this section may differ slightly from numbers in the Police Services Highlights due to rounding differences.

Shoreline Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values

Mission
The mission of the Shoreline Police Department is to prevent crime and create an environment where people feel safe, while providing quality, professional law enforcement services designed to improve public safety.

Core Values
The Shoreline Police are committed to the core values of Leadership, Integrity, Service and Teamwork. We firmly believe in our core values and let these values guide all work that we do in the community.

Goals & Objectives
In order to realize this mission, the City of Shoreline Police Department has adopted the following goals and objectives:

Goal # 1: Reduce crime and the fear of crime
Objective: Use information for crime analysis
Objective: Apprehend offenders
Objective: Prevent crime
Objective: Improve residents' feeling of security

Goal # 2: Provide high-quality, cost-effective, and accountable services to the City of Shoreline
Objective: Provide responsive services to residents.
Objective: Provide cost-effective services to residents.
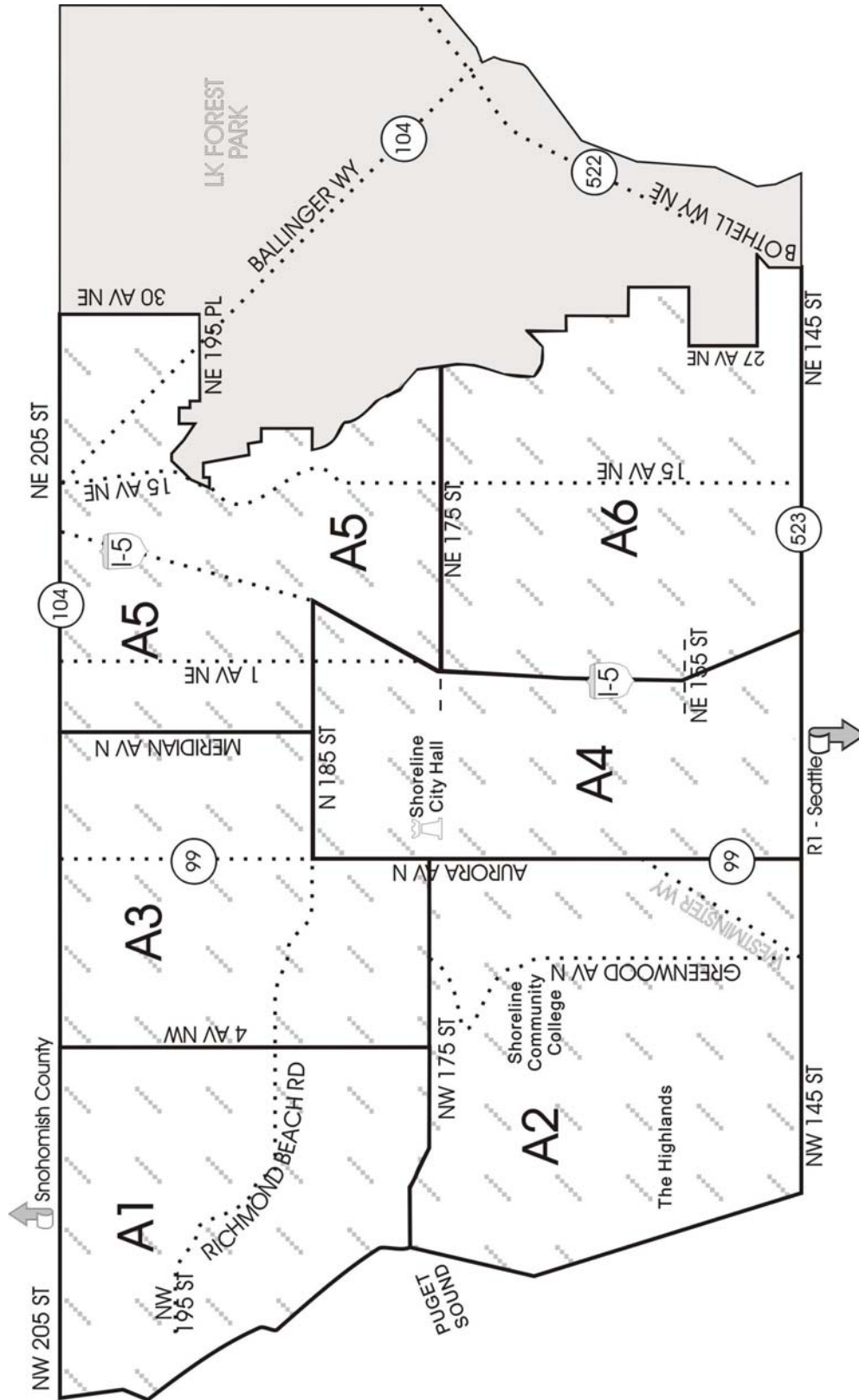
City of Shoreline
Police Service Highlights
2008

Shoreline's Crime Rate

The Crime Rate is a calculation of the number of Part I Crimes divided by population in thousands. Part I Crimes is a category of crimes established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It includes criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide, and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Part I Crimes Per 1,000 Residents

Year	Value
2004	46
2005	48
2006	42
2007	34
2008	33
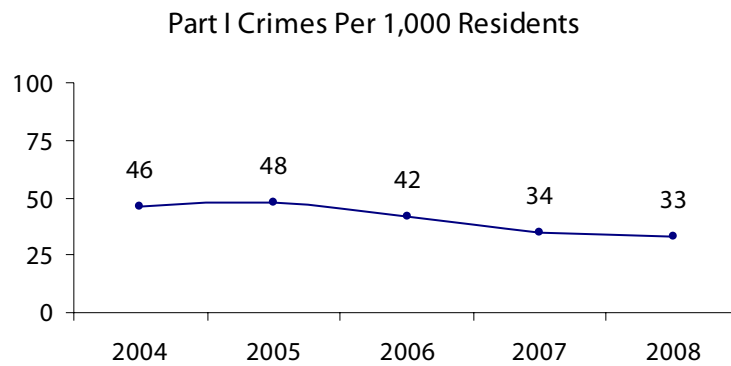
Source: Police Services Data

Part I Violent Crimes against People

Part I Crimes include crimes categorized as "violent crimes" or "crimes against people." The following are Shoreline's Part I Violent Crimes.

Murder
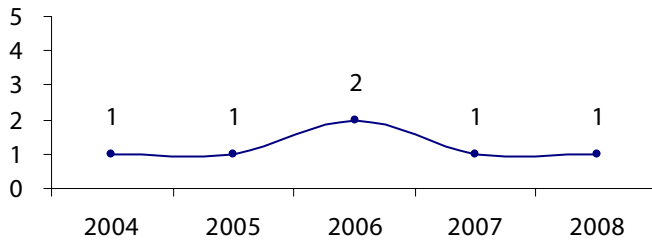
Murder

The following situations are not included in this crime classification: deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident; justifiable homicides; and attempts to murder or assaults to murder, which are counted as aggravated assaults.

Source for all below: Police Services Data
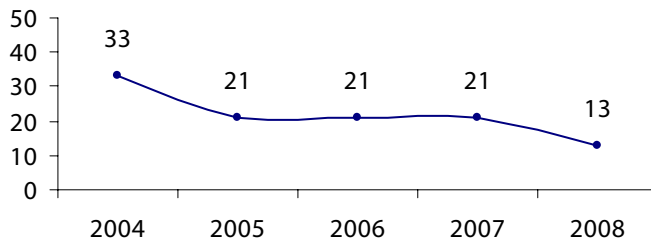
Rape

Rape

Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included in this count. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.

Aggravated Assault
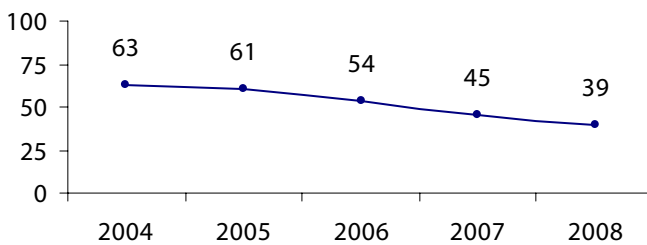
Aggravated Assault

Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Robbery
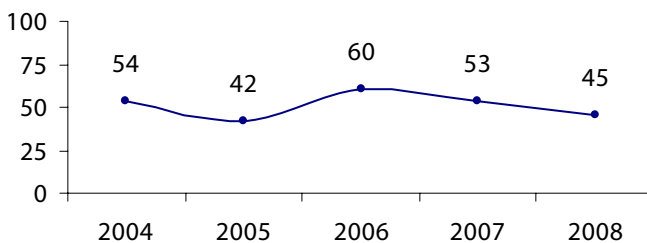
Robbery

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, threat of force, violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property

The second group of Part I Crimes is known as "non-violent crimes," "crimes against property," or "property crimes." The following are Shoreline's Part I Crimes against Property. Information about vehicle theft, also included in this category, can be found with traffic and automobile incident information.

Arson
Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

Arson

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
34	28	27	22	17
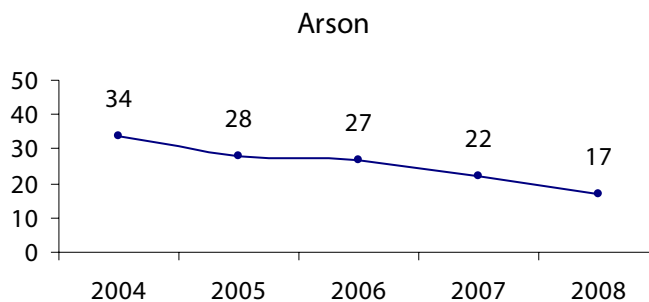
Source for all below: Police Services Data

Burglary (breaking or entering)
Burglary is the unlawful entry of a commercial or residential structure with the intent to commit a crime. Attempted forcible entry is included.

Burglary

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
447	468	381	326	362
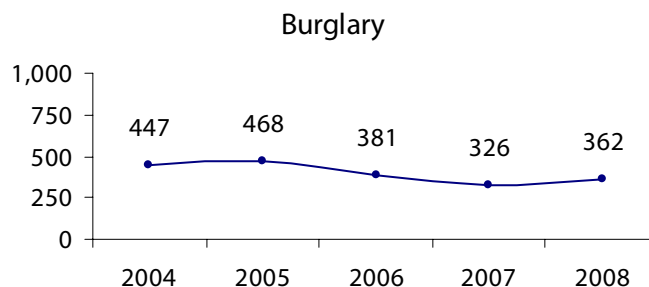
Larceny (except vehicles)
Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property of any value amount from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, forgery, check fraud, and like crimes are excluded.

Larceny

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
1,417	1,358	1,226	1,157	1,131

CITY OF
SHORELINE
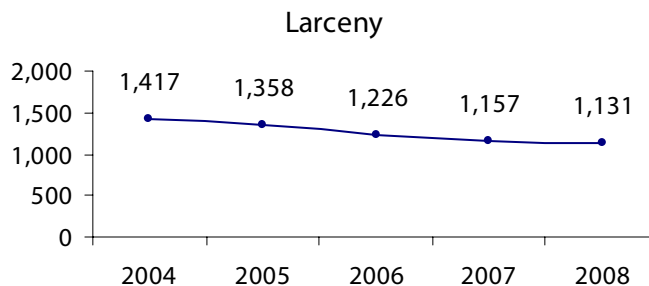
Traffic and Automobile Incident Information

Vehicle theft

Vehicle theft is included in Part I Crimes against Property. It is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as being self-propelled and running on a land surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.

Vehicle Theft
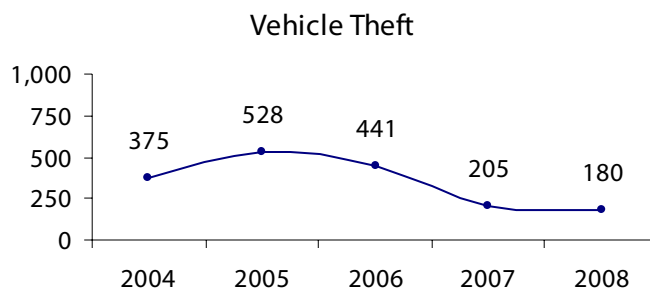
Source: Police Services Data

Thefts and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls") from Automobiles

A theft or attempted theft ("prowl") from an automobile is the act or attempted act of taking something from the inside of an automobile.

Thefts from Vehicles and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls")
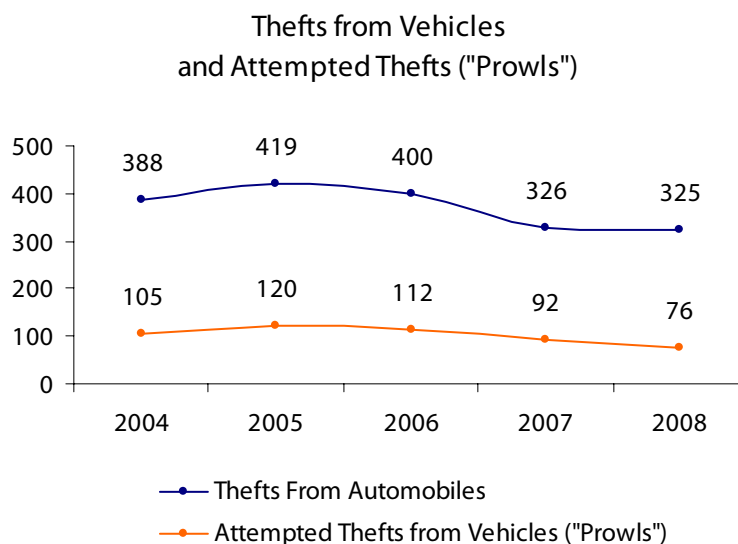
Source: Police Services Data and CAD System

Traffic Collisions

Collision information includes reports for injury, non-injury, and fatality vehicle collisions. Driving under the influence (DUI) collisions are excluded from this category.

Collisions

Year	Value
2004	614
2005	555
2006	564
2007	483
2008	410
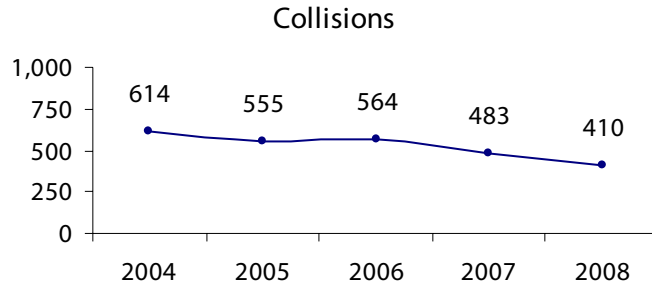
Source: Police Services Data

Traffic Citations

Traffic citations include reports of all moving/hazardous violations (such as all accidents, driving under the influence, speeding, and reckless driving), and non-moving compliance violations (such as defective equipment and parking violations).
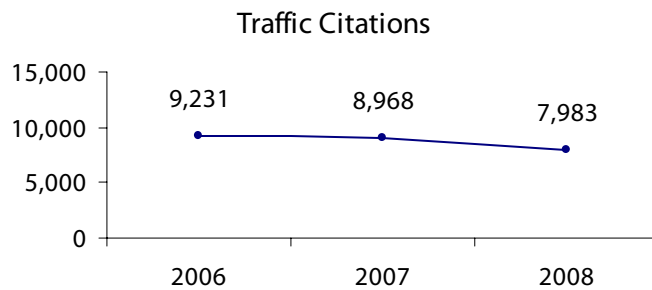
Traffic Citations

Year	Value
2006	9,231
2007	8,968
2008	7,983

Source: City of Shoreline. Note that the city began collecting this information in 2006. Therefore, only three years of data are available.

DUI Citations

Driving under the influence of alcohol citations are included in the above count for traffic citations, but are broken out here to show trends.
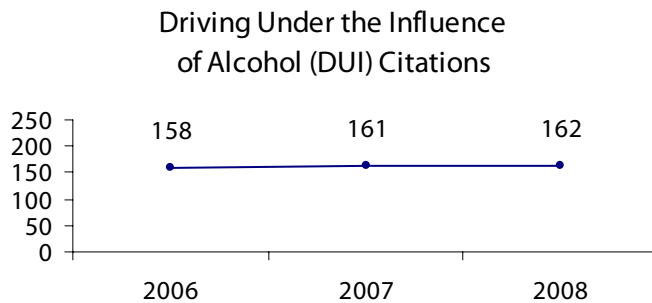
Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol (DUI) Citations

Year	Value
2006	158
2007	161
2008	162

Source: City of Shoreline. Note that the city began collecting this information in 2006. Therefore, only three years of data are available.

_____

Note: Starting in 2006, the City of Shoreline police began using a more accurate method of tracking both traffic and DUI citations. This new method of tracking reports will more accurately reflect the work Shoreline Police Department is doing in the community. Older data using the previous tracking method is not shown here because it is not comparable to newer data.

Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest

The cases below represent incidents where an officer or detective has recommended that the King County Prosecutor's Office file criminal charges against the case suspect. These criminal charges may result in an arrest or another form of punitive action, such as a citation. A prosecuting attorney is solely responsible for the decision to formally file charges and prosecute defendants.

Part I & II Case Closed by Arrest

Year	Value
2004	1,150
2005	1,377
2006	1,544
2007	1,404
2008	1,542
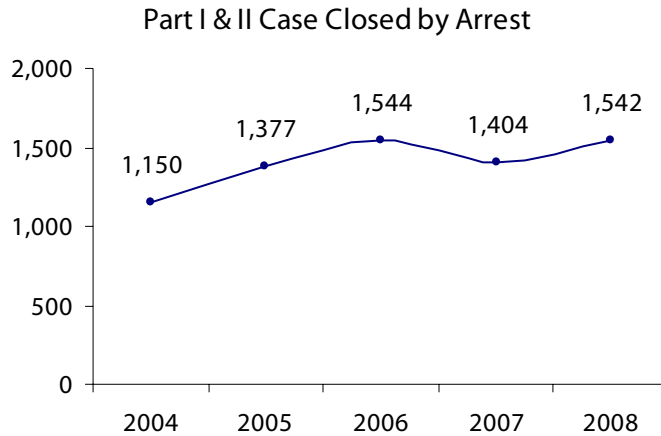
Source: KCSO RPIS Unit

Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests

One or more charges can result from a single arrest. Charges also can be filed when probable cause exists against a person who may not have been arrested. The following are the total number of felony and misdemeanor charges and arrests by adult and juvenile status.

Adult, Juvenile Charges & Arrests

Year	Adult Charges & Arrests	Juvenile Charges & Arrests
2004	1,266	191
2005	1,357	214
2006	1,811	230
2007	1,753	190
2008	1,818	195

— Adult Charges & Arrests   — Juvenile Charges & Arrests
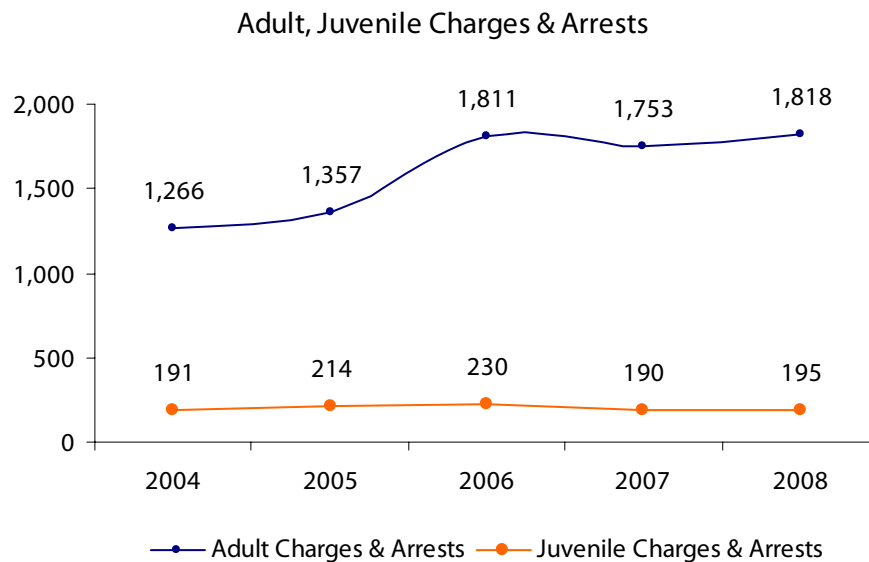
Source: Police Services Data

Special Emphasis Team (SET) Case Highlights and Seizures

The Shoreline Police Department Special Emphasis Team (SET) consists of one sergeant and three detectives. The responsibilities of this unit are varied and are flexible to address crime trends in our city. This unit typically works in plain clothes and drives unmarked cars to enhance surveillance abilities. SET has received extensive training in surveillance, case development and interviewing techniques.

Shoreline SET works closely with the King County Sheriff's Office Criminal Intelligence Unit and Shoreline patrol officers. SET detectives follow up on all drug related arrests in Shoreline. SET detectives investigate Narcotic Activity Reports (NARS) from citizens, as well as vice activity and drug cases they initiate. The following are highlights of the team's work in 2008.

2008 Special Emphasis Team (SET) Highlights

Prostitutes Arrested:	56
Drug-related arrests:	243
Drugs Seized:	
Cocaine	868.8 grams
Heroin	670.3 grams
Marijuana (bulk)	13,599 grams
Marijuana (sites)	5
Marijuana (plants)	889 plants
Methamphetamine	33.2 grams
Ecstasy	25 tablets
Oxycontin	279 tablets
Other (pills)	636
Money Seized:	$27,434
Vehicles Seized:	3

Case Highlight #1 – Suspicious vehicle call leads to felony arrest
Shoreline SET detectives assisted patrol on a suspicious occupied vehicle call in the Echo Lake neighborhood. A citizen reported that a car was parked in front of her home and that she had previously seen the car driving slowly through her neighborhood. While patrol units were responding, a SET detective arrived in the area and spotted the suspicious car leaving the area. The SET detective followed the car until patrol units arrived and stopped the car.

A computer check on the license plate returned with the car being listed as stolen. Both occupants of the car were arrested. In addition to the stolen car charges, the driver also possessed narcotics and packaging materials. The passenger had a felony warrant and was wanted for trafficking stolen property. The passenger was also linked to the stolen laptop computer investigations associated with Shorewood High School. When the SET detective interviewed the subject, he obtained a full confession regarding his involvement in the laptop theft investigation.

Case Highlight #2 – Suspicious track leads detectives to $100,000 in stolen goods
A Shoreline SET detective observed some suspicious activity involving two vehicles in the Ridgecrest Neighborhood and began following the cars. Within a few minutes, the SET detective observed the driver of one car park and then enter the second car. It was quickly determined that the parked car was stolen. Once the second car was stopped and its occupants placed under arrest, the SET detective drove to the suspect's residence and discovered a large chop shop operation.

The Shoreline Police Criminal Investigations Unit detectives were then called in and a search warrant was served on the suspect's residence. Both the interior and exterior of the suspect's residence was loaded with stolen auto parts. Detectives from both units spent an entire day seizing enough property to fill a 20-foot-long cargo container. More than 30 victims were identified. The recovered property was valued at more than $100,000.

Case Highlight #3 – Learning how to identify and assist juvenile prostitutes
The Shoreline SET Unit contacted a juvenile prostitute working on Aurora. Once it was confirmed that she was a minor, she was taken into protective custody. A great deal of time was spent trying to locate her parents or a responsible adult. When none was located, she was taken to DSHS. This young prostitute, sadly, is just one example of so many more still on the streets.

In an effort to learn how to better combat this growing problem, the Shoreline SET unit joined forces with the FBI and a number of other law enforcement agencies in a federal operation called, "The Innocence Lost Program," which helps identify and track juvenile prostitutes. The FBI provided training for Shoreline SET Unit, which learned how to best work with and assist juvenile prostitutes. A database that the FBI created is also now helping law enforcement agencies participating in the "Innocence Lost Program" track the juveniles and communicate with other agencies.

Case Highlight #4 – Citizen tip leads to raids on two marijuana grow houses
The Shoreline Special Emphasis Team received a tip from a citizen regarding a marijuana grow operation in the city. After a six month investigation, a search warrant was obtained for two residences and three vehicles associated with the suspects. The warrants were served simultaneously involving several SET detectives from two precincts. There were forty-eight items seized during the warrant service which included various narcotics.

Some of the items seized were:

- ✓ 2.68 pounds of processes marijuana valued at $11,000

- ✓ 271.2 grams of processed marijuana valued at $2,112

- ✓ 211 Mature marijuana plants valued at $339,000

- ✓ 64 grams of Cocaine valued at $2,125

- ✓ Cash seizure of $1,000

CITY OF SHORELINE

Felony and Misdemeanor Charges Filed and Warrants Served

The statistics below pertain to arrests and charges filed specifically by the Special Emphasis Team Unit.

Felony and Misdemeanor Charges Filed

Year	Felony Charges Filed	Misdemeanor Charges Filed
2004	78	89
2005	155	111
2006	123	124
2007	104	51
2008	119	61
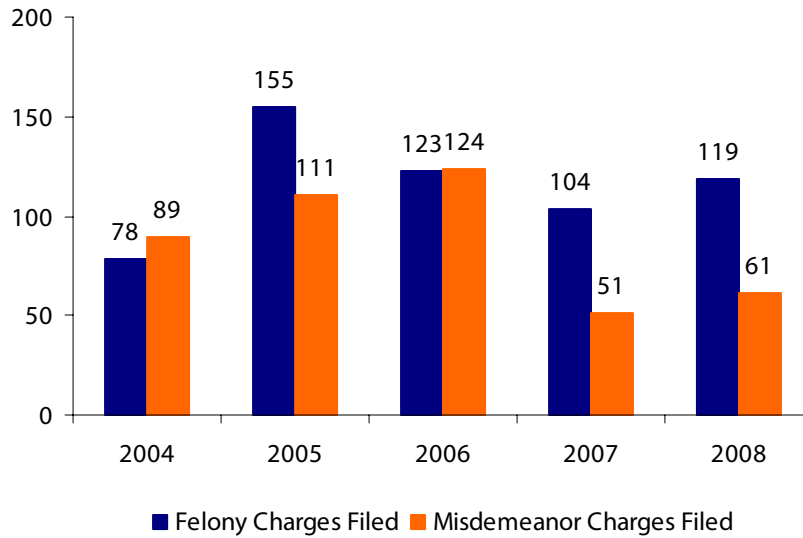
Source: City of Shoreline

Warrant Types Served

Year	Search Warrants Served	Felony Arrest Warrants Served	Misdemeanor Arrest Warrants Served
2004	14	14	10
2005	11	12	10
2006	9	10	21
2007	14	9	23
2008	18	8	10
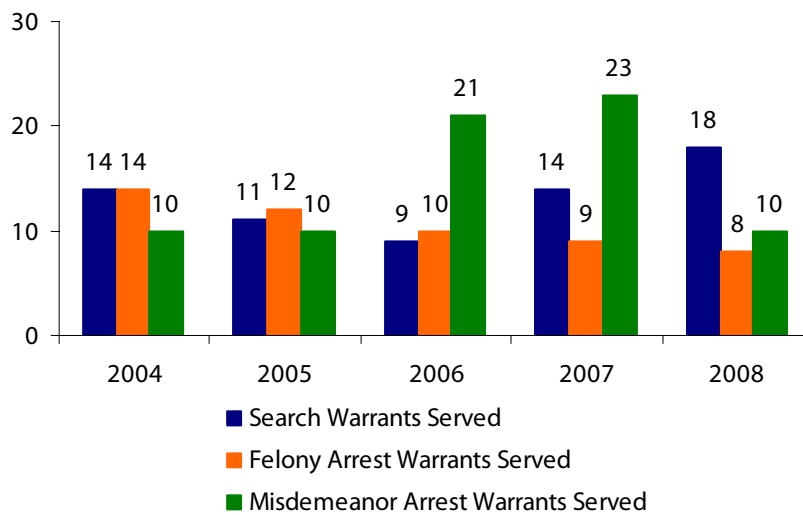
Source: City of Shoreline

CITY OF SHORELINE

Criminal Investigations Unit Highlights

The Criminal Investigations Unit is comprised of one sergeant and three detectives. The detectives are responsible for investigation and follow-ups on all crimes committed in the City with the exception of homicides and special assaults.

Washington's Most Wanted Recognizes Shoreline Detective
Sometime between November 24th and 25th, 2007, Shoreline had a commercial burglary at a credit union. It was a very well thought out burglary. The unknown suspect(s) had deactivated the alarm system and, several blocks from the credit union, had cut the phone lines for local landlines and cell phone towers. Additionally, the suspect had drilled the safe before removing a large quantity of money.

The case was assigned to Shoreline Detective Diana Magan. There were no witnesses and little physical evidence. Through Detective Magan's extensive contacts in the banking industry (Crime Stoppers, Electronic Tracking Systems, and more) she found out that the Tacoma Police Department had a similar burglary in 2002 and arrested a suspect. She contacted the detective in Tacoma who said that the suspect had recently been released from prison. The suspect had also served prison time twice in California for bank burglary.

Detective Magan then checked with other agencies and found similar cases in Lacey, Tumwater, Olympia, Pierce County, Federal Way, Renton and Bellevue. Because all of the banks are federally insured, she contacted the FBI and got the assistance of Detective Len Carver. (Seattle Police Detective assigned to a Federal Task Force concerning these types of crimes). Detective Magan then organized several surveillances of the suspect using detectives from all of the agencies involved, the coordination of which was no small feat.

Through the Tacoma Police Department, surveillance platforms were installed around the suspect's residence. After a few weeks, Detective Magan had obtained enough information to obtain a search warrant, which was served on March 13, 2008. The search yielded boxes of safe diagrams showing where to drill, books on alarm systems, and more. During an interview with the suspect, which lasted more than five hours, Detectives Magan and Carver gained a confession to most of the burglaries.

This case was filed on the Federal level. The Shoreline case and all of the others may have gone unsolved and unconnected if not for the hard work and tenacity of Shoreline Police Detective Diana Magan. If found guilty, the suspect faces 15 or more years in Federal Prison.

On January 13, 2009, Detective Diana Magan was selected as detective of the month by Washington's Most Wanted. Accompanied by Sheriff Sue Rahr and Shoreline Police Chief Dan Pingrey, Detective Magan received her award at the KCPQ Studio from the host of the show, David Rose.

Patrol Highlights

Highlight #1 – Shoreline Police Officers Nab Robbery Suspect
In Shoreline after 8 p.m. on May 30, 2008, Shoreline Police responded to a report of an armed robbery at the Aurora Village Mart—a store had already been robbed twice in the previous eight days. The reporting party said that she recognized the suspect, who was wearing a grey sweatshirt at the time, as the same person who had robbed their store on the two prior occasions. Officers arrived in the area and began searching when Officer Franklin observed a white male in a black t-shirt walking northbound on Highway 99, just north of the Highway 104 overpass. The male was also wearing a distinctive read, black, and white baseball cap that Officer Franklin recognized from the first robbery. The suspect was subsequently arrested without incident and positively identified by the store owners as the man that robbed them that day and on the two other occasions.

Later, Officer Volpe and Officer Bates recovered the suspect's sweatshirt in a dumpster on the west side of the China Clipper restaurant. MPO Coblantz obtained a full confession from the suspect, who admitted to all three robberies.

Highlight #2 – Shoreline Police Arrest Armed Residential Burglar
On June 19, 2008 shortly after 10 a.m., Shoreline Police responded to a burglary in progress in the 15500 block of Greenwood Avenue North.

The victim had been inside his house and watched as a white male in his early twenties walked back and forth a few times in front of his house. He then watched as the suspect walked up the driveway and into his open garage. When the victim walked into the garage to ask what the suspect was doing, the suspect displayed a black semi-automatic handgun and pushed it into the victim's chest. The suspect then told the victim that this was his "first time" and asked if the victim was going to "let him walk." When the victim said, "Yes," the suspect lowered the gun and walked away.

Police arrived within two minutes of the call and obtained an additional description from the victim. A short time later, Sergeant Kain watched a male matching the physical description by the US Bank on Westminster. Sergeant Kain and Sgt. Grout contacted the male and detained him. The victim was able to positively identify the suspect, who was then taken into custody. The suspect had changed clothes after the burglary but was still carrying a backpack that the victim had been able to describe in detail.

Later, officers recovered the fully loaded semi-automatic pistol that the suspect had used. At the time of the incident, the suspect was on probation for burglary and had a probation warrant out for his arrest. The gun he used had been stolen during a burglary in Port Orchard the previous week.

Highlight #3 – Shoreline Police Arrests Bank Robber
On March 26, 2008, shortly after noon, the Shoreline Police responded to a bank alarm at the City Bank at North 200th and Ballinger Way NE. As Sergeant Fagerstrom was approaching the bank parking lot, he saw a male carrying a black bag walking southbound on 15th Avenue NE. Construction workers nearby were yelling "That's him!" As Sergeant Fagerstrom slowed his car to make a U-turn, he saw the male start to run south on 15th Avenue. Sergeant Fagerstrom followed in his car, and then later chased him on foot. He last saw the suspect running between two houses.

Additional Shoreline Police officers and detectives arrived and set up a perimeter around the area where the suspect was last seen. Officer Wong found the suspect hiding under the bushes of a private residence several blocks away from the bank. The suspect was taken into custody without incident. During a post-arrest interview, the suspect confessed to several robberies in King and Snohomish Counties.

Calls for Police Assistance

The public receives police assistance in a variety of ways. Residents can call the Emergency 911 Communications Center to have one or more officers dispatched to the field, called a "dispatched call for service."

In addition to dispatched calls for service, 911 center operators can take certain types of reports over the phone through alternative call handling (ACH). This allows police officers more time to respond to those who need an officer present at the location of their incident.

Following are the numbers of dispatched calls for service (DCFS) and alternative call handling (ACH) incidents reported.

Police Calls

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Dispatched Calls For Service (DCFS)	13,842	14,115	13,662	12,096	11,173
Alternative Call Handling (ACH)	1,051	963	830	651	574
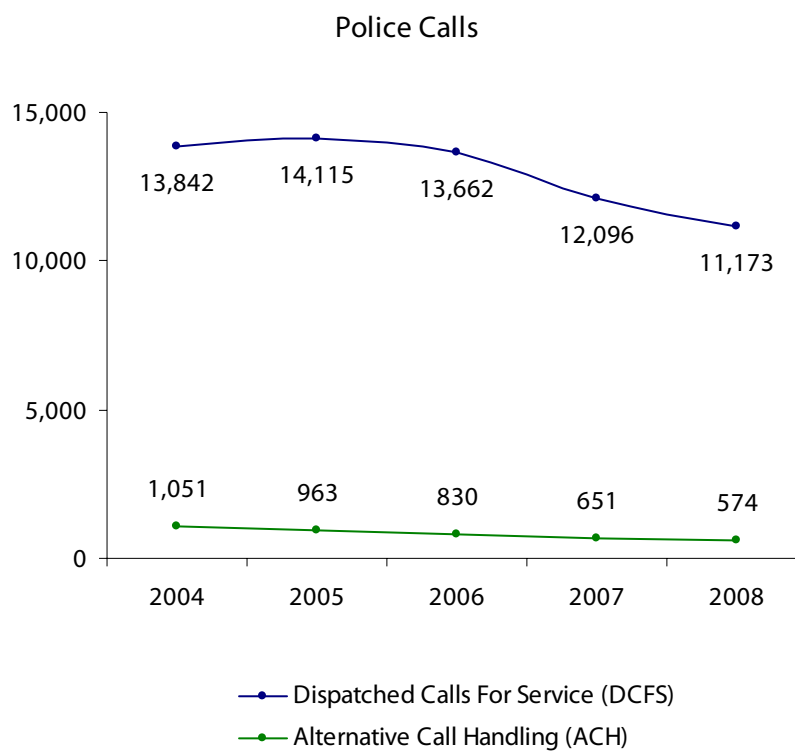
Source: Police Services Data and CAD

Response Times to High Priority Calls

When calls for police assistance are received by the Emergency 911 Communications Center, they are entered into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and given a "priority" based on the criteria described below. If the call receiver is in doubt as to the appropriate priority, the call is assigned the higher of the two priority designators in question.

"Priority X" designates critical dispatches. These are incidents that pose an obvious danger to the life of an officer or citizen. It is used for felony crimes in-progress where the possibility of confrontation between a victim and suspect exists. Examples include shootings, stabbings, robberies or burglaries.

"Priority 1" designates immediate dispatches. These are calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes so recent that the suspect may still be in the immediate area.

"Priority 2" designates prompt dispatches. These are calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Following are the City of Shoreline's Police response times for the above priority calls. Response times include all time from the receipt of a phone call to the moment an officer arrives at the location of the incident.

Average Response Times to High Priority Calls
(in minutes)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Priority 2	11.37	11.59	11.36	11.49	10.78
Priority 1	6.81	6.71	7.00	6.83	6.80
Priority X	3.62	3.98	3.91	3.75	3.31

Legend: —●— Priority X   —●— Priority 1   —●— Priority 2
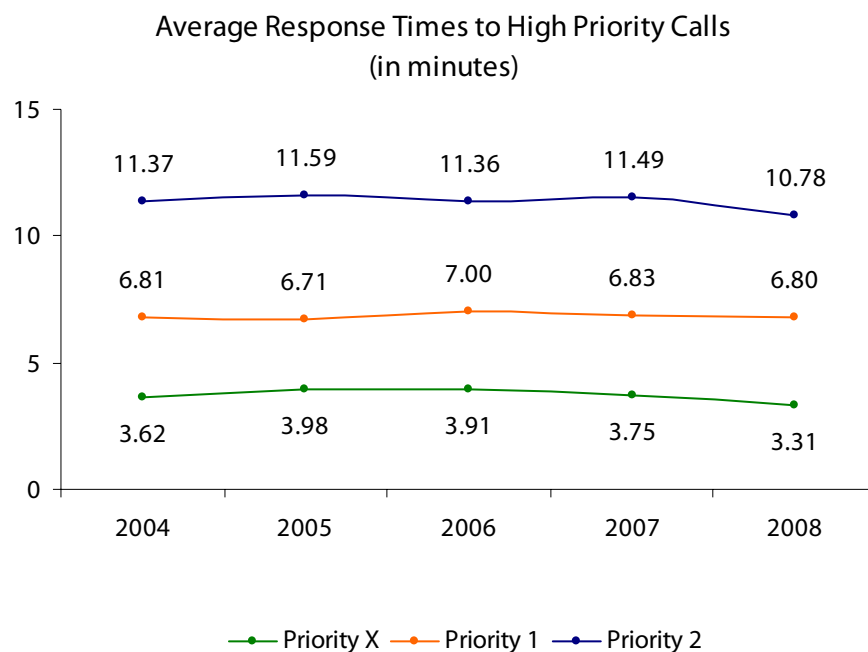
Source: Police Services Data

Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD): A computerized communication system used by emergency response agencies for dispatching and tracking calls for emergency assistance.

Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

Commissioned officers per 1,000 residents shows how many commissioned police officers are employed by Shoreline for every 1,000 residents. The total number of commissioned officers includes full-time dedicated officers, plus officers who work in supervisory or other non-patrol related positions, as well as officers that work in specialty units that are on-call for the city. Although the number of Shoreline's dedicated officers may stay the same from year to year, the number of officers that respond to calls for service can change with the city's needs. Therefore, the number of total commissioned officers can increase or decrease, depending on Shoreline's service needs from year to year.

Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

Year	Value
2004	0.92
2005	0.93
2006	0.95
2007	0.96
2008	1.02
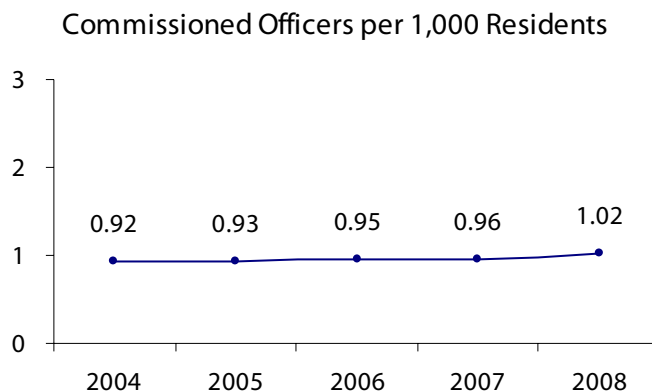
Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer

Dispatched calls for service (DCFS) per patrol officer is the average number of dispatched calls one patrol officer responds to within a year. This number uses only dispatched calls Shoreline pays for and does not include the number of responses an officer initiates (such as witnessing` and responding to traffic violations, called "on views"). Also, the numbers below are *patrol only* and exclude non-patrol commissioned officers (such as supervisors or special duty officers/detectives).

Dispatched Calls for Service per Patrol Officer

Year	Value
2004	407
2005	428
2006	402
2007	356
2008	302
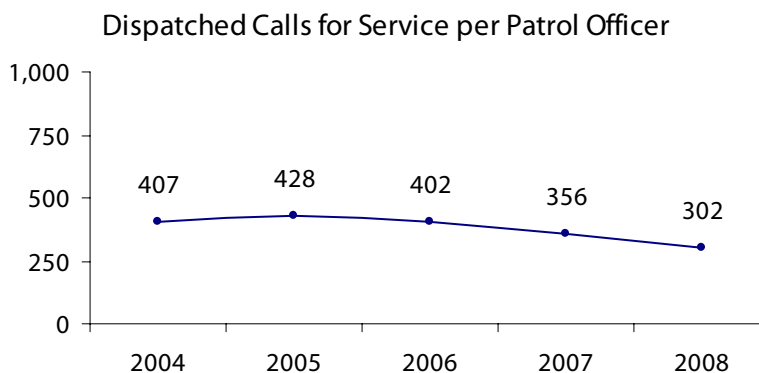
Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

CITY OF
SHORELINE

Costs of Police Services per Capita

The City of Shoreline contracts with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) for police services. Among other benefits, contracting for services from a larger law enforcement agency allows for cost savings through "economies of scale." Specific economies of scale provided through the contract with KCSO include:

➢ Mutual aid agreements with other law enforcement agencies in Washington State
➢ A large pool of officers if back-up help is necessary
➢ Coverage if city officers are away
➢ Expertise of specialized units to assist officers
➢ Experienced officers to select from for city staffing
➢ Cost sharing throughout the department to keep city costs down

Costs for police services vary depending on a city's resources and the level and type of police services the community wants. The City of Shoreline may have additional funds or expenditures for special projects or programs as part of the city's law enforcement budget. These additional costs are not reflected in the contract cost per capita, which shows the contract cost for police services divided by Shoreline's population.

Contract Cost per Capita
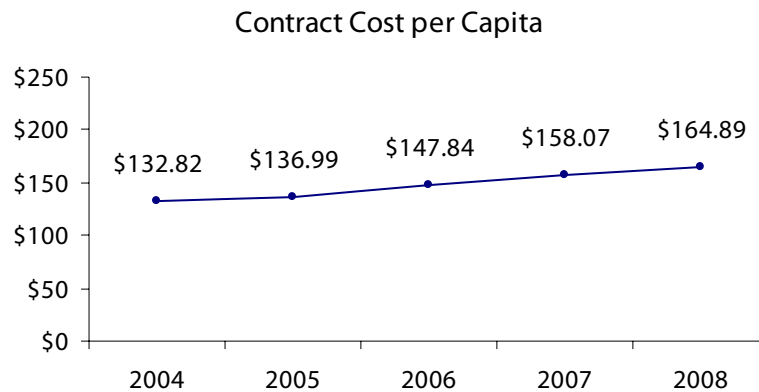
Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Cost per $1,000 of Assessed Real Property Value

Cost per $1,000 of assessed real property value shows Shoreline's contract cost in relationship to the property values of Shoreline.

Cost per $1,000 of Assessed Real Property Value
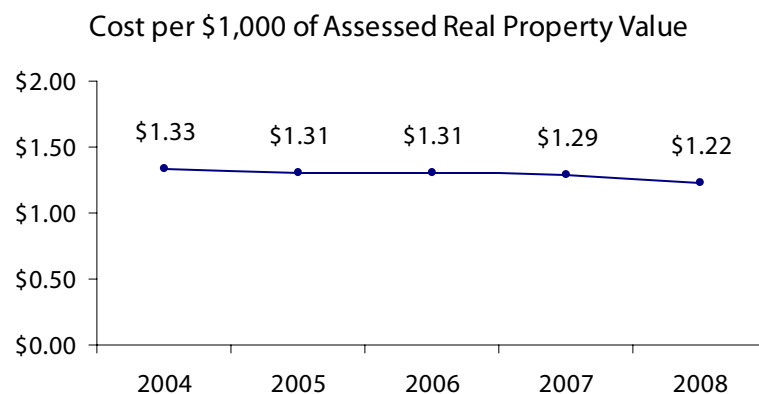
Source: King County Assessor's Office

Complaints against Officers

Complaints against city police officers can originate from the public or internal police department personnel. When a complaint is made, the King County Sheriff's Office Internal Investigations Unit (IIU), which reports directly to the Sheriff, will review the complaint and determine whether a formal complaint investigation should be made. The following are the total number of internal and external complaints that were formally investigated for City of Shoreline officers:

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Number of Complaints	1	2	5	3	4
Number of Dispatched Calls for Service	13,842	14,115	13,662	12,096	11,173

Complaints per 1,000 Dispatched Calls for Service
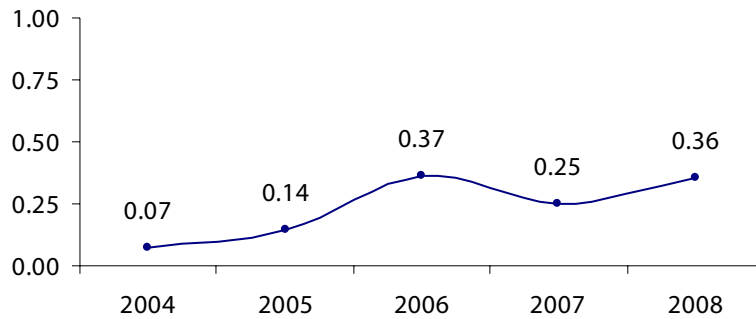
Source: KCSO Internal Investigations Unit

Crime Prevention Highlights

Shoreline Police Department includes but goes beyond traditional law enforcement methods to tackle head-on the risk factors that cause crime. Encouraging and enlisting community support, be it via our numerous Police Volunteers, neighborhoods participating in Block Watch, or businesses involved in Business Watch programs, we strive to take the lead in developing creative preventative programs in our efforts to reduce crime.

Storefront Officers and Police Volunteers play an integral role in our ability to provide crime prevention and education and training programs to community members of all ages. The following are several examples of crime prevention programs and services brought to you by your Police Department and Police Storefront Volunteers. For more information about these programs, contact the Shoreline Police Department at (206) 801-2710 or through our website at: http://shorelinewa.gov/index.aspx?page=183.

Involving our Youth
Your Shoreline Police implemented several youth-oriented programs in 2008. In Shoreline elementary and private schools, Shoreline officers partnered with school staff to teach Anti-Graffiti curriculum. We were also very active again this year with our youth Police Explorers, who assisted at Celebrate Shoreline as well as several other community events. Additionally, our Storefront Officers provided a wide variety of safety presentations for school children. Some of the information provided discusses the importance of water safety, bicycle safety, and Internet safety.

Block Watch and National Night Out
Block Watch promotes partnerships between police and citizens to prevent crime. Education about crime prevention, reporting crimes and suspicious activity, Operation ID, and continued citizen involvement are key components of Block Watch. In 2008, Shoreline added five new Block Watches.

On August 5th, neighborhoods throughout Shoreline joined forces with thousands of communities nationwide for the 25th Annual National Night Out" crime prevention event. National Night Out, which is sponsored by the National Association of Town Watch (NATW) is co-sponsored locally by Shoreline Police and involves more than 35 million people in over 11,000 communities.

National Night Out is designed to heighten crime prevention awareness; generate support for and participation in local anti-crime efforts, strengthen neighborhood spirit and police-community partnerships, and send a message to criminals that neighborhoods are organizing and fighting back against crime. Shoreline worked with the City Neighborhoods and Public Outreach Coordinator as well as the Shoreline Fire Department to register an all-time record of 31 block parties.

Business Watch
Business Watch is an umbrella of several programs offered to the business community. Business Watch Programs include:
- Retail Theft Program (RTP)
- Security surveys known as CPTED (SEP-ted) or Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
- E-911 Business Emergency Notification
- Crime Free Multi-Housing (CFMH) Program, also known as the Landlord Training Program.

In 2008, Police Storefront Volunteers updated over two hundred E-911 Business Emergency Notification forms, which provide vital information to officers in the event of an emergency or crime.

Volunteers in Police Service

Our volunteers are proud to be registered members of Citizen Corps/VIPS (Volunteers in Police Service). With volunteering increasing at Shoreline Police Department over the years, we now are lucky enough to have 29 Police Volunteers who provide countless hours of service to our community. More volunteers are always welcomed and are still needed. They continue to coordinate and manage many services and programs provided to Shoreline citizens including:

- Vacation House Checks
- Victim Call Backs
- Citizen Park Patrol
- Court Reminder Notifications
- Senior Interaction Group
- False Alarm Reduction
- Crime Analysis
- E-911 Business Emergency Notifications
- Residential and Business CPTED Security Surveys
- Business Watch publications and crime maps
- Memory Impaired Assistance Program

Volunteers take part in annual training and recognition. This year, they attended a presentation by our King County Sheriff's Office helicopter pilots, and toured the Air Support Unit and hanger at King County Airport. They also received training at a local law enforcement weapons range. All volunteers are given the opportunity to train at Shoreline Fire Department and earn certification in both CPR and AED (automated external defibrillation). This year, Volunteer Raymond Marik was nominated for a King County Sheriff's Office Lifesaver Award after performing CPR and saving a man's life. Volunteers are recognized annually at the Shoreline Police Volunteer Recognition and Training, as well as at the City of Shoreline Volunteer Appreciation Breakfast. THANK YOU, Shoreline Police Volunteers!

Victim Call Back Program

Police Storefront Volunteers provided crime prevention services and information on more than 500 incidents to crime victims. These services included such measures as home security checklists, business and home security surveys, laptop theft prevention, identity theft, fraud and scam prevention, auto theft and car prowl prevention tips, mail theft prevention, and follow-up reports.

Anti Auto Theft Program

In late 2006, Shoreline Police kicked off an Anti-Auto-Theft Program. Figures show that from 2006 to 2007, Shoreline saw a 53.5 percent reduction in auto thefts in the City of Shoreline. In 2008, the numbers continued to drop with another reduction of 12.1 percent. This reduction is likely due to joint efforts by police, prosecutors, and citizens. For our efforts in implementing the Anti-Auto Theft Program, Shoreline received a Certificate of Distinction from the Association of Washington Cities. While the numbers are encouraging, we cannot slow our efforts to stop these thieves. We will continue in these efforts to keep these crimes from happening and to hold thieves accountable for their actions.

Shoreline Police

ANTI-AUTO THEFT PROGRAM
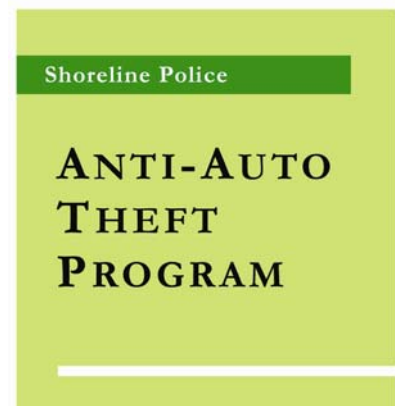
Put the Brakes on Vehicle Theft

Crime Prevention Publications

Getting the word out and educating citizens about crime prevention and crime trends in the city is vital. Storefronts continue to publish crime prevention articles and information in neighborhood newsletters, the city newsletter (*Currents*), the *Shoreline Enterprise*, and the city website. Storefronts also continue to work with King County Sheriff's Office to publish monthly neighborhood crime maps.

Block Watch News, Business Watch News, Business Watch Monthly, crime summaries and maps, and information about other areas of crime prevention such as auto theft and scams are available on the City of Shoreline website. To find this information, navigate to http://www.shorelinewa.gov/ and click "Police" under the "Departments" dropdown menu. *Business Watch News* includes topics addressing burglary and robbery prevention as well as shop lift prevention and internal theft. Storefronts publish monthly Business Watch crime maps and summaries that track burglary locations and methods of entry used in crimes against businesses. Businesses are encouraged to employ crime prevention and building security to better safeguard themselves and their businesses.

Community Education

Each year, the City of Shoreline Police Department hosts a wide variety of programs aimed at preventing and reducing crimes, assisting victims, reaching out to youth, communicating with the community, and protecting citizens. The following are some examples of the training opportunities and activities that the Police Department provides to the community.

- Block Watch
- Citizen's Academy
- Crime Free Multi-Housing
  (known as Landlord Training Program)
- Senior Interaction Group
- Residential/Commercial Security Surveys
- Retail Theft Program
- Annual Volunteer Recognition & Training
- Community Crime Prevention Articles
- Bicycle Registration Program
- Business Watch

- National Night Out
- Court Reminder Program
- Crime Analysis
- Vacation House Checks
- False Alarm Reduction Program
- Citizen Park Patrol
- Victim Call Back Program
- Identity Theft Prevention Education
- Personal Safety Training/Presentations
- Memory Impaired Assistance Program

Memory Impaired Assistance Program

Did you know that it an estimated 59 percent of people with Alzheimer's disease will wander and become lost? Other conditions such as Down Syndrome, Autism, Prader-Willi or traumatic brain injury can also create a tendency to wander or become lost. Shoreline Police offers a free Memory Impaired Assistance Program (MIAP) to assist in the recovery of memory impaired people who are lost or have wandered away from their residences or caregivers. Shoreline residents can contact one of their storefront offices or go to the city website to find out more about MIAP. Project Lifesaver contact information is provided on the back of the MIAP brochure at http://www.shorelinewa.gov/.

A big THANK YOU to Cristwood Retirement Community for hosting an information night about MIAP, and to KCIS 630 AM radio for donating valuable air time to help spread the word about this program!

Public Communication and Education Efforts

Communication with and education of the public about crime trends, crime prevention, and personal safety are priorities for the Shoreline Police Department. In 2008, the Shoreline Police Department utilized numerous methods of communication to educate and actively seek citizen participation regarding crime and crime prevention. We published articles in the Currents publication concerning personal safety, identity theft and residential burglary prevention. We also worked cooperatively with the *Enterprise* newspaper to bring you current and up to date information concerning arrests of note and many other newsworthy stories concerning the Police Department and their interactions within the City.

Anti-Graffiti Program
This year the Shoreline Police Department, working cooperatively with the City of Shoreline and the Shoreline School District, formally kicked off their Anti-Graffiti Program.

The police department put together an Anti-Graffiti curriculum which has been sanctioned by the school district and is currently being taught by Shoreline Police Officers in our schools. Our main message to the students is that graffiti in not art but a crime.

The Police Department has also been very successful partnering with Crime Stoppers in the anti-graffiti effort. Over the summer, the Police Department received a number of tips via Crime Stoppers naming possible graffiti suspects. Detectives followed up on these tips and a number of arrests have been made. Crime Stoppers has paid cash rewards to citizens who have provided information which lead to an arrest and/or prosecution.

We also developed "Give Graffiti the Brush Off" posters and flyers which you may have seen distributed about the city. We encourage anyone who is interested in posting one of these anti-graffiti posters to contact the police department.

Citizens can help reduce graffiti in our community by following the proven "3R Method" – Record, Remove, and Report graffiti vandalism.

1. Report it!
   - For graffiti in progress – Call 911 immediately!
   - For graffiti on my property – Call 911 to file a police report
   - For graffiti on City property   -- Call (206) 801-1700 to report the location. The City will remove graffiti within 48 hours.

2. Record it!
   - Record the date, time and location of the graffiti.
   - If the graffiti is on your property, take a photograph if you need one for insurance purposes.

3. Remove it!
   - Prompt and persistent removal is the most effective way to prevent graffiti. While this may be difficult, studies show that removal within 24 to 48 hours results in a nearly zero rate of recurrence.

The Shoreline Police Department working with the City has also created an Anti-Graffiti Public Service Announcement concerning the negative effects of graffiti. The PSA plays twice daily on the Shoreline TV channel. Officers are also using the PSA in their school presentations and public presentations as well.

27

We have also set up a paint bank at our Eastside Storefront. For those who are unable to paint over graffiti on private property due to financial hardship or disability, our officers will refer them to our Eastside Storefront. Volunteers will paint over the graffiti for them. Those interested in volunteering in this effort are encouraged to contact Officer Greg McKinney at our Eastside Storefront at (206) 363-8579. Please help Shoreline continue to be the number one place to live by *Giving Graffiti the Brush Off!*

Community Interaction

The Shoreline Police Department participated in numerous civic events throughout the year. Here are just a few of the highlights.

Richmond Beach Strawberry Festival

Our Westside Storefront Officer Leona Obstler set up the police booth once again at the Richmond Beach Strawberry festival. She handed out Operation ID kits to kids and parents alike and was there to talk to those interested in the many programs we offer to our citizens.

Ridgecrest Ice Cream Social

On August 14th, 2008, Captain Kent Baxter, Detective Diana Magan and several other officers attended the Ridgecrest Ice Cream Social at Paramount Park. Our Eastside Storefront Officer Greg McKinney and KCSO Marine Unit Officer Charlie Akers were there with "Charlie" the remote control boat teaching kids about boating safety. Guardian One made a special appearance and landed in the field. The pilots invited everyone up close for a great look at the aircraft.

Special Olympics Torch Run

For the past 13 years the Shoreline Police Department has participated in the Special Olympics Torch Run and 2008 was no exception. We met the Edmonds Police runners at North 205th and exchanged the torch. We then ran the torch through our city and handed it off to the Seattle Police Department at North 145th Street. This is a great event which we look forward to every year. Thank you to the City employees who joined us.

Celebrate Shoreline

On August 16, 2008, Sheriff Sue Rahr, Chief Daniel Pingrey and Captain Kent Baxter walked in the Celebrate Shoreline parade beside a 1949 Sheriff's Car, a 1967 Plymouth Fury Sheriff's car, and "The BEAR" (short for Ballistically Engineered Armored Response), the armored SWAT vehicle available to our city at any time through our police contract with the King County Sheriff's Office. Officer Greg McKinney manned the Police Department information booth with help from our Volunteers and Explorers. Throughout the day they handed out Shoreline Police car washable tattoos and Shoreline Police helium balloons to the kids. We also provided information to those interested in Block Watch, the Memory Impaired Program, and many other programs Shoreline Police Department offers.

Briarcrest Elementary steps up to help Hopelink

Briarcrest Elementary conducted a fundraiser to support Hopelink. The fundraiser was organized by Sarah Peterson, a parent of two Briarcrest students. In only one week, the kids brought in pennies, nickels, dimes and quarters to total $713 in raised funds! The entire amount was donated to Hopelink here in Shoreline. The kids, parents, and staff at Briarcrest did an incredible job and, as a reward, Officer Obstler of our Westside Store Front arranged for Guardian One to make a visit. Each class was

able to walk up to the aircraft and meet the pilot and ask questions. It was a lot of fun and the kids really enjoyed the opportunity to see Guardian One up close.

Shoreline Police Department Awards of Distinction

Officer Eric White receives the Distinguished Service Citation for Valor
On May 15, 2008, Officer Eric White received the Distinguished Service Citation for Valor in honor of his outstanding service to the Edmonds Police Department.

On October 18, 2007, The Edmonds Police Department requested our help. They were in pursuit of a robbery suspect known to be armed. A detective from the Edmonds Police Department in an unmarked police car had spotted the suspect in a recent robbery and had followed him into Shoreline. Shoreline Police Traffic Officer Eric White fell in behind the suspect car and attempted to stop him. The suspect failed to stop and the chase was on. At one point, Officer White used the pursuit immobilization technique in an attempt to stop the fleeing car. The car spun but the driver was able to right the vehicle and continue driving.

The suspect drove into the 7-11 parking lot at 13417 Roosevelt Way in Seattle. The pursuing police cars followed and attempted to block the suspect in. The suspect put the car into reverse and backed up onto the hood and ultimately the roof of the unmarked occupied Edmonds police car. Somehow the suspect was able to then put the car in drive and drive back down off the police car. The suspect continued to drive recklessly with total disregard for human life in an attempt to get away. The officers repeatedly yelled at the suspect to stop but the suspect failed to comply and appeared to be driving as if into the 7-11 store. Officer While and a Sergeant from the Edmonds Police Department both fired their weapons. The suspect was shot and received non-life threatening injuries. Following medical treatment he was booked into the King County Jail.

Detectives recovered a .357 handgun on the floorboard of the suspect's stolen car. This suspect has prior convictions for homicide and seven other violent crimes.

Shoreline Police Officer of the Year 2008
Shoreline Officer Rob Bardsley was selected as the 2008 Police Officer of the Year for the Shoreline Police Department, as well as the 2008 Police Officer of the Year for the King County Sheriff's Office. Officer Bardsley is a 28-year veteran of the King County Sheriff's Office. In 2006, he was assigned to the School Resource Officer position responsible for both high schools in Shoreline.

The mission of the School Resource Program is to develop and build a partnership between law enforcement and the school community that provides a safe environment in which teachers, students, parents and the community can fulfill the mission and goals of their respective school district.

The vision of the program is to promote a safe learning environment and act as an educational resource. The partnerships enhance problem-solving capabilities and enhance crime prevention, thereby reducing the incidence and fear of crime in our schools.

Based upon his performance Office Bardsley has more than fulfilled the mission and the vision of the program. Officer Bardsley has developed relationships with the teachers and staff at each school. Their relationships have fostered a new and greatly improved level of communication and exchange of information between law enforcement and the school community.

Because of the relationships he has built, the school staff, police, and students can now take a more proactive approach to dealing with concerns in a timely manner. More often than not, when Officer Bardsley is involved at the beginning of a specific problem or issue, he is able to resolve the matter before it reaches the criminal justice system. This greatly benefits the students and is a cost savings to the community as well. Working cooperatively with school staff, Officer Bardsley brings students, parents, and staff together and often acts as a mediator.

In April of 2006, when Officer Bardsley became the lone SRO in Shoreline and became responsible for both Shorewood and Shorecrest High Schools, he took approximately 111 case reports concerning students at each school. Approximately 30 of these cases were filed criminally. The remainder of cases was handled by Officer Bardsley, working cooperatively with students, school counselors, security officers, and parents to find a resolution outside of the criminal justice system. The reality is that, without the permanent on-site availability of Officer Bardsley, these types of positive resolutions would be much more difficult to realize.

The police department has received a number of positive notes from parents and staff at both schools thanking "Officer Rob" for chaperoning a dance or coaching the girl's basketball team or dealing with a troubled student. Just this past spring, the Department received a letter from the Shorewood class of 2008. The note said "Thank you for providing security at our dance. It was important to have you there. You have treated us with respect, and in doing so, truly earned ours. We wanted to let you know that we have noticed, and we are grateful."

Officer Bardsley also works at the Teen Center in Shoreline in addition to every High School football game at the Shoreline Stadium.

Officer Bardsley is both liked and admired by his peers and his integrity is above reproach. He is truly a role model for officers and students alike. Officer Bardsley has done an outstanding job in carrying out the Mission, Goals and Objections set forth by the Shoreline Police Department. He is passionate about being a School Resource Officer and his commitment to the citizens of Shoreline and King County is unwavering.

Congratulations to Officer Bardsley!

<u>Shoreline Detective of the Year 2008</u>
Brett Davis was selected as the Shoreline Police Department's 2008 Detective of the Year, and was also selected as the 2008 Detective of the Year for the King County Sheriff's Office. Detective Davis is part of our Special Emphasis Team and has been assigned to that Unit for the past four years. The Special Emphasis Team is a proactive unit that investigates narcotic and vice activity within the City of Shoreline. Detective Davis has been employed by the King County Sheriff's Office for 11 years and is currently assigned to the City of Shoreline.

Detective Davis is the senior detective in the SET Unit. He consistently shows his leadership abilities in the day-to-day operations of his unit. Detective Davis sets very high standards for himself and for those that work around him—evident in every assignment he investigates.

In 2008, Detective Davis took on several large scale investigations that he managed from start to finish. One of these investigations involved a compliance check at a well-known adult entertainment club in Shoreline. This investigation required Detective Davis to multi-task on a grand scale in order for the operation to be a success.

Detective Davis arranged for all of the undercover officers, marked patrol units, plain clothes units, plain clothes detectives and reserve units to come together for a detailed briefing on how the operation would unfold and everyone had a specific assignment. This operation was extremely successful and a total of 18 arrests were made.

Another large scale investigation that Detective Davis recently handled was the service of a narcotics search warrant. The warrant required the assistance of 14 officers and detectives and was served on two residences and three vehicles at different locations. Detective Davis did an exceptional job organizing and orchestrating the service of this warrant.

Detective Davis has shown on a consistent basis that every step he takes is very calculated. Detective Davis has written numerous search warrants in 2008 and several of those warrants resulted in seizures of homes, vehicles and currency. The total value of all of the narcotics seized in Detective Davis' search warrants for 2008 and the estimated street value exceeded $718,000.

While Detective Davis works the big cases, he's never too busy to handle the small but ever-important ones as well. In 2008, Detective Davis made a traffic stop, resulting in an arrest for DUI. After the arrest, Detective Davis began searching the suspect vehicle and located several illegal items, including stolen property. Detective Davis worked to develop a rapport with the suspect who eventually confessed to a variety of crimes. The suspect agreed to take Detective Davis to all of the locations where he prowled cars and gave a full confession to all of the thefts. Detective Davis contacted all of the car prowl victims and made sure they each received their stolen property back. In the end, Detective Davis filed seven misdemeanor charges and three felony charges against the suspect.

Detective Davis deserves this award not only for his quality of work, but also for the character and professionalism he brings each day to work. He is a positive example and his level of integrity is second to none. The citizens of Shoreline may not know Detective Davis's face, but they definitely feel his impact.

Shoreline Volunteer of the Year 2008
Shoreline's Ray Marik was selected as the 2008 Shoreline Police Volunteer of the Year, as well as the 2008 Volunteer of the Year for the entire King County Sheriff's Office. In 1996 when Shoreline opened their first storefront in Richmond Beach, Raymond "Ray" Marik became a police volunteer. For 12 years now, Ray has exemplified what a police volunteer should strive to be. Ray has worked for the West Neighborhood Center, one of two police storefronts for the City of Shoreline.

Ray is an extremely dependable and reliable volunteer. Ray works a consistent four-hour shift at the storefront, but also does so much more. Ray works on the CPTED (Crime Prevention through Environmental Design) program, always offers to help at community events, and has made himself available to take additional training. Ray attended the 3-day CPTED course in Tacoma, the same certification that police officers take. It is an important part of our Victim Call Back Program and a free crime prevention service we provide to citizens as part of our Business Watch program.

Rays has assisted for years at community events such as Celebrate Shoreline and the Shoreline Arts Festival. Ray has manned the crime prevention table and even participated in the parade. Ray continues to attend the annual Shoreline Police Volunteer Training and Recognition event, and keeps current with both CPR and AED training.

On September 21, 2009, Ray's CPR training even saved a man's life. Ray was at the Ballard Elk's Club when a man fell to the ground and had a heart attack. Ray and two other bystanders started CPR and it was Ray who continued CPR until the paramedics got there. Ray later received a letter from the victim's family saying in part, "If not for your quick action and knowledge of CPR, our father would have died from a heart attack."

For six years now, Ray has edited the many articles the Shoreline Police Department writes for *Currents*, the *Enterprise,* and other neighborhood newsletters.

Ray Marik has been an invaluable asset to the Shoreline Police Department. He has been a dedicated volunteer who has been with us for over a decade and continues to show so much initiative. Ray has earned the respect of his fellow volunteers, officers, and citizens alike.

Congratulations and thank you to Ray!

City Cost Comparison

The city cost comparison study is conducted annually by the King County Sheriff's Office Contracts Unit. The study accounts for city budget differences and may factor in (or factor out) certain line items in an effort to allow for "apples-to-apples" comparison between cities.

Shoreline's cost per capita shown here is different than the contract cost per capita, which only includes Shoreline's law enforcement contract paid to the county. The following budget information is obtained directly from the city's budget, which may include funding for extra police services.

City	2007 Crime Rate	2008 Police Budget	2008 Population	2008 Budgeted Sworn	Cost/ Capita	Cost/ Sworn	Sworn/ 1000
Auburn	69.40	$15,923,245	67,005	114.00	$238	$139,678	1.70
Bellevue	36.70	$37,801,001	119,200	182.00	$317	$207,698	1.53
Black Diamond	13.80	$1,566,071	4,155	12.00	$377	$130,506	2.89
Bothell	24.60	$10,603,869	32,860	58.00	$323	$182,825	1.77
Burien	60.70	$6,987,800	31,540	42.67	$222	$163,764	1.35
Covington	31.10	$2,603,802	17,360	16.18	$150	$160,927	0.93
Des Moines	34.60	$9,372,497	29,180	47.00	$321	$199,415	1.61
Duvall	5.80	$1,792,879	5,925	11.50	$303	$155,903	1.94
Federal Way	58.90	$20,039,662	88,040	136.00	$228	$147,350	1.54
Issaquah	35.30	$5,558,325	26,320	33.00	$211	$168,434	1.25
Kenmore	24.10	$2,782,510	20,220	16.78	$138	$165,823	0.83
Kent	62.60	$27,400,220	86,980	130.00	$315	$210,771	1.49
Kirkland	40.90	$13,276,154	48,410	69.00	$274	$192,408	1.43
Lynnwood	85.00	$11,369,500	35,680	79.00	$319	$143,918	2.21
Maple Valley	19.00	$2,192,818	20,480	12.94	$107	$169,460	0.63
Medina	22.70	$1,827,941	2,955	12.94	$619	$141,263	4.38
Mercer Island	18.10	$4,681,174	22,650	35.50	$207	$131,864	1.57
Mukilteo	30.10	$3,878,951	20,050	29.00	$193	$133,757	1.45
Newcastle	23.80	$1,321,953	9,720	8.64	$136	$153,004	0.89
Normandy Park	21.30	$1,637,270	6,425	12.00	$255	$136,439	1.87
North Bend	33.40	$1,309,310	4,710	7.75	$278	$168,943	1.65
Puyallup	86.70	$12,905,584	36,930	58.00	$349	$222,510	1.57
Redmond	34.90	$12,726,052	51,320	42.50	$248	$299,437	0.83
Renton	71.60	$18,617,149	78,780	123.00	$236	$151,359	1.56
Sammamish	14.00	$3,916,490	40,550	25.76	$97	$152,038	0.64
SeaTac	74.80	$7,795,040	25,720	46.08	$303	$169,163	1.79
Seattle	64.50	$235,716,886	592,800	1,308.00	$398	$180,212	2.21
Shoreline	34.30	$9,037,739	53,440	54.53	$169	$165,739	1.02
Tukwila	170.70	$11,752,739	18,080	68.00	$650	$172,834	3.76
Woodinville	48.20	$2,110,721	10,560	13.27	$200	$159,060	1.26
All Contract City Averages *(weighted)*					$171	$163,770	1.04
Non-Contract City Averages *(weighted)*					$334	$179,050	1.86

Data sources:
1. City budgets are found on city websites or via city finance personnel.
2. Population is from Washington State Office of Financial Management (OFM) estimates.
3. Total sworn numbers are from city budgets.
4. Crime rates are from the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC). Crime rates for 2008 were not yet released at this report's publish date.

City of Shoreline
Police Service Data
2008

CRIME SUMMARY

	2007	2008	Percent Change	Crime Rate	Total 2008 Cases Closed
Part I Offenses					
Criminal Homicide	1	1	0.0%	0.02	1
Forcible Rape (incl. Attempts)	21	13	-38.1%	0.24	2
Robbery	53	45	-15.1%	0.84	20
Aggravated Assault	45	39	-13.3%	0.73	31
Burglary, Commercial	106	77	-27.4%	1.44	10
Burglary, Residential	220	285	29.5%	5.33	27
Larceny, over $250	569	544	-4.4%	10.18	55
Larceny, under $250	588	587	-0.2%	10.98	104
Vehicle Theft	205	180	-12.2%	3.37	30
Arson	22	17	-22.7%	0.32	3
Total Part I Offenses	**1,830**	**1,788**	-2.3%	**33.46**	**283**
Total Part II Offenses	**2,082**	**2,247**	7.9%	**42.05**	**348**

NOTE:

The crime rate is calculated on the basis of 1,000 people (i.e., number of crimes per 1,000 people). The population is 53,440.

ACTIVITY SUMMARY

	2007	2008	Percent Change
Dispatched calls for service	12,096	11,173	-7.6%
Adult charges/arrests	1,753	1,818	3.7%
Juvenile charges/arrests	190	195	2.6%
Officers assaulted	4	1	-75.0%
Total gang-related incidents	38	83	118.4%
Total domestic violence related incidents	317	331	4.4%
Hate crimes/malicious harassment reports	5	1	-80.0%

CITY OF
SHORELINE

Part One Offenses by Patrol District

| | Shoreline | | | | | | |
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	Total
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Rape	0	2	1	0	2	2	7
Child Rape	0	0	0	1	0	3	4
Attempted Rape	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Robbery, Highway	2	1	11	3	3	7	27
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	0	0	4	1	1	1	7
Robbery, Residence	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
Robbery, Bank	1	0	0	0	2	0	3
Robbery, Misc.	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Firearm	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Assault, Knife	1	2	2	1	0	0	6
Assault, ODW	1	0	1	1	0	3	6
Assault, Hands	3	2	3	6	9	2	25
Commercial Burglary, FE	7	2	4	10	11	10	44
Commercial Burglary, NF	1	3	3	5	8	2	22
Commercial Burglary, ATT	2	0	3	3	2	1	11
Residential Burglary, FE	14	15	17	28	27	41	142
Residential Burglary, NF	18	15	20	24	21	21	119
Residential Burglary, ATT	1	1	4	5	5	8	24
Larceny, +$250	40	66	141	113	82	102	544
Larceny, -$250	42	57	138	154	85	111	587
Auto Theft	7	25	32	36	43	33	176
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Other Vehicle Theft	1	0	0	1	1	0	3
Theft Boat/RV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson Confirmed	1	1	3	3	3	6	17
Total	**143**	**194**	**391**	**398**	**305**	**357**	**1,788**

Part Two Offenses by Patrol District

| | Shoreline | | | | | | |
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	Total
Assault Fourth	14	14	34	43	35	34	174
Total Forgery/Fraud	18	25	83	48	52	46	272
Stolen Property	2	1	5	5	1	3	17
Vandalism	96	24	102	100	85	81	488
Weapons Violations	0	4	2	8	1	7	22
Commercial Vice	1	3	2	13	0	0	19
Total Sexual Offenses	4	6	14	13	22	18	77
Gambling	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Total Family/Juvenile	23	49	56	61	65	79	333
DWI	5	13	32	70	5	19	144
Liquor Violations	11	5	8	9	3	10	46
Disorderly Conduct	0	1	1	1	1	1	5
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Trespass	2	9	24	31	11	18	95
Opium, coke, etc.	0	2	7	14	3	3	29
Marijuana	2	4	2	1	2	4	15
Synthetic Narcotics	0	0	5	4	0	3	12
Other Narcotics	0	1	4	1	0	0	6
Hate Crimes	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	4	5	15	14	10	15	63
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0	4	1	2	2	2	11
All other	37	53	100	78	59	89	416
Total	**219**	**223**	**498**	**517**	**358**	**432**	**2,247**

Larcenies by Patrol District

	Shoreline						
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	Total
Auto Parts & Accessories	4	5	14	14	15	20	**72**
Bicycles	7	4	8	7	4	6	**36**
Coin Operated Machine Device	0	0	1	1	0	0	**2**
Gas	0	0	0	0	2	0	**2**
Non-specific Category	11	9	26	29	25	20	**120**
Pickpocket	0	1	1	1	0	1	**4**
Purse Snatch	2	1	1	1	1	0	**6**
Shoplifting	5	28	97	100	26	48	**304**
Taken from Auto	33	32	65	67	63	65	**325**
Taken from Building	20	43	66	47	31	53	**260**
Total	**82**	**123**	**279**	**267**	**167**	**213**	**1,131**

CITY OF
SHORELINE

ADULT AND JUVENILE CHARGES, ARRESTS, AND CITATIONS

|	Adult Felony	Adult Misdemeanor	Juvenile Felony	Juvenile Misdemeanor	Total Adults and Juveniles
Criminal Homicide	1	0	0	0	1
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	0	0	1
Robbery	19	0	1	1	21
Aggravated Assault	25	4	2	0	31
Burglary	30	1	12	0	43
Larceny	37	207	9	39	292
Vehicle Theft	13	4	9	0	26
Assault, Fourth	0	127	0	14	141
Arson	1	0	0	0	1
Counterfeiting/Forgery	4	0	0	0	4
Fraud	3	0	0	1	4
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	12	3	7	1	23
Vandalism	15	24	9	9	57
Weapons Violations	2	7	0	1	10
Prostitution - Vice	1	60	0	1	62
Sex Offense (No Rape)	3	0	2	0	5
Narcotics/Drug Violation	85	29	2	1	117
Marijuana	0	49	0	10	59
Gambling, Other	0	1	0	0	1
DWI	0	175	0	2	177
Liquor Violation	0	55	0	31	86
Disorderly Conduct	0	12	0	3	15
Other (except Traffic)	28	168	1	16	213
Traffic	5	607	1	10	623
TOTAL	**285**	**1,533**	**55**	**140**	**2,013**

NOTE:
Charges include all adults and juveniles booked, cited and charged in absentia. Charges do not include persons that are booked on warrants each quarter.

CITY OF
SHORELINE

Dispatched Calls for Service
By Patrol District

District	2007	2008
A1	1,071	1,129
A2	1,775	1,126
A3	2,877	2,384
A4	2,305	2,570
A5	2,112	2,083
A6	1,956	1,881
TOTAL	12,096	11,173

DCFS Comparison
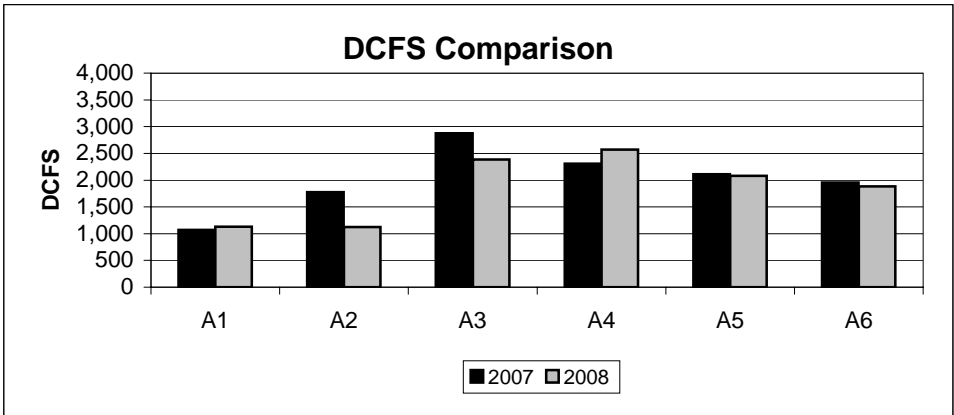
Response Times

Priority	Avg Time in Mins.
X	3.31
1	6.80
2	10.78
3	23.09

NOTE:

The number of DCFS shown here includes all calls recorded by the Emergency 911 Communications Center as being city calls. However, this number may be slightly higher than the number of DCFS shown in the Police Service Highlights section, which reports only those calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Actual DCFS counts shown here are usually less than 5 percent higher.

CITY OF
SHORELINE

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Adult Arrests
An arrest is counted every time an adult is cited for a criminal offense or booked. More specifically:
1. It includes all adult bookings, plus
2. All adult citations which are classified as criminal non-traffic.
3. When an adult is both cited and booked, it is only counted once.

Cases Cleared /Clearance
The solving of an offense by arrest, or in some circumstances, by exceptional means (the suspect died, is imprisoned on another charge, victim refuses to testify, etc.).

CASE CLOSURE DEFINITIONS

Cleared by Arrest:
A case can be closed by arrest when at least one suspect is positively identified and charges are recommended to the Prosecuting Attorney's Office. This closure does not require physical booking into a jail or juvenile detention facility. It also does not require the charging of all suspects, if there are multiple suspects in the crime. This category includes criminal citations into district and municipal courts for misdemeanors and felony filings into Superior Court, as well as all filings into Juvenile Court.

Exceptional Clearance:
A case can be closed "exceptional" if it can be established that a crime has been committed and the identity of a suspect is positively confirmed, but due to circumstances beyond our control, no charges are filed. An example of this type of closure is a case in which the victim declines to assist in prosecution. Another example is when another police agency files charges on a related crime stemming from the same incident. (Car stolen in King County, but suspect arrested out of the stolen car in Bellevue. Bellevue P.D. charges the suspect with possession of the stolen car. We close the stolen car case "exceptional.")

Unfounded:
Cases are closed as "unfounded" when the investigation reveals that no crime has been committed. An example would be the report of a theft by one party that is determined to be a false report by interviewing other independent witnesses.

Administrative Clearance:
This clearance is used primarily to close non-criminal police investigations like found property. For instance, if a citizen finds and turns over to police a wallet. Investigations reveal who the owner of the wallet is and the item is returned to that person.

Inactive:
This category is used when all investigative leads are exhausted and the case can not be closed by any of the above classifications.

Dispatched Calls for Service
This includes calls received in the Communications Center which result in one or more patrol cars being dispatched.

Domestic Violence

Domestic Violence is a subcategory to other crimes. Virtually any crime can by classified as domestic violence. In the State of Washington, Domestic Violence is defined as a crime of violence against the person or property of a spouse, former spouse, persons related by blood or marriage, persons who have a child in common, former/current roommates, persons who have or had a dating relationship, and persons related to the suspect by the parent-child (biological or legal) relationship. In some cases, the age of the victim or suspect may determine whether or not the legal definition above is met.

Part I Offenses

This category is commonly known as the "Crime Index." Crimes include criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter; but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault (which excludes simple assaults), burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson.

Violent Crimes (Part 1)

These are a sub-classification of Part I Offenses which encompass murder and non-negligent manslaughter, rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Part II Offenses

This category includes all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I. Crimes include other assaults (simple), forgery and counterfeiting, fraud, embezzlement, stolen property (buying, receiving and/or possessing), vandalism, weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.), prostitution and commercialized vice, sex offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution or commercial vice...i.e. statutory rape, indecent exposure, etc.), drug violations, gambling, offenses against the family and children, driving under the influence, liquor violations, drunkenness, disorderly conduct, etc.

Response Times/Priorities

Priority X - Critical Dispatch. This category is used for those calls that pose an obvious threat to the safety of persons. Examples include shootings, stabbings and in-progress crimes such as robberies or burglaries where the possibility of a confrontation between a victim and suspect exists.

Priority 1 - Immediate Dispatch. This category is used for those calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes that have just occurred where a suspect may still be in the immediate area.

Priority 2 - Prompt Dispatch. This category is used for those calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Priority 3 - Routine Dispatch. This category is used for those calls where response time is not a critical factor. Examples include burglaries and larcenies that are not in progress, audible alarms, or other routine reports.