From: <u>Carin Chase</u>

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Subject: 32 LDDO Resolution Against the Use of Waste Tire Products on Playgrounds or Athletic Fields

Date: Monday, May 15, 2017 12:28:44 PM

Attachments: RESOLUTION AGAINST THE USE OF WASTE TIRE PRODUCTS ON PLAYGROUNDS OR ATHLETIC FIELDS.pdf

ATT00001.htm

Importance: High

Greetings to all:

As the Chair for the 32nd Legislative District Democratic Organization, it is my duty and privilege to present to you a resolution, passed by this organization unanimously on May 10th, 2017, opposing the use of waste tire products on playgrounds or athletic fields. On behalf of the 32nd LDDO, we urge you to oppose it as well.

Best regards,

Carin Chase Chair 32nd Legislative District Democratic Organization www.32democrats.org 425-312-3056

Cc. Washington State Department of Health, City of Lynnwood, City of Edmonds, City of Shoreline, City of Seattle, Edmonds Public School District, Shoreline Public School District, Seattle Public School District.

RESOLUTION AGAINST THE USE OF WASTE TIRE PRODUCTS ON PLAYGROUNDS OR ATHLETIC FIELDS, Adopted May 10, 2017

2017- 11 RESOLUTION AGAINST THE USE OF WASTE TIRE PRODUCTS ON PLAYGROUNDS OR ATHLETIC FIELDS

WHEREAS, the 32nd Legislative District Democratic Organization is strongly opposed to the installation or replacement of any facilities or amenities using waste tires and encouraging others to discontinue the use of waste tire materials as ground cover and infill.

WHEREAS, environmental groups, hospitals, doctors, universities, and the United States Environmental Protection Agency have expressed new concerns about the chemicals found in tire shreds; and

WHEREAS, the use of waste tire mulch on playgrounds and as infill on playing fields can result in regular, long-term exposure to potentially hazardous substances through inhalation, ingestion, and absorption through the skin; and

WHEREAS, synthetic turf and waste tire crumb rubber has been documented to become significantly hotter than natural grass and even asphalt because it absorbs solar radiation and can reach temperatures as high as 170 degrees Fahrenheit, which puts children at greater risk for dehydration, heat stress, heat stroke, and burns; and

WHEREAS, waste tires contain hazardous substances, including heavy metals such as zinc, cadmium, and lead that leach from the material as they degrade, contaminating the soil, plants, and aquatic systems and harming aquatic life such as algae and fish; and

WHEREAS, as tire mulch and crumb heats up, it releases potential toxic gases and chemicals such as volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs); and

WHEREAS, parents have reported children putting pieces of tire much in their mouths, and tire dust on children's clothes, skin, and inside their nostrils after playing on these surfaces, and

WHEREAS, on June 10, 2015, a study by the Environment and Human Health, an organization of physicians and public health professionals, found 96 chemicals in the rubber tire infill used in synthetic turf and rubber tire mulch used as surfacing in playgrounds; and

WHEREAS, of the 96 chemicals detected, a little under a half have had no toxicity assessments done on them for their health effects and the other half have had some toxicity testing done on them, but even many of those chemicals had incomplete toxicity testing and therefore all health effects are not fully known; and

WHEREAS, of the half of those chemicals that have had toxicity assessments, 20% are known to be probable carcinogens; 40% were found to be irritants; 24% are respiratory irritants, some of which are known to cause asthma symptoms; 37% are skin irritants; and 27% are eye irritants; and

WHEREAS, in May 2016, in a memo on the hazards to children's health of using recycled tires in athletic fields, the Dean of Global Health of Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai and author of the textbook Children's Environmental Health, Philip J. Landrigan concluded that, "the use of recycled waste tires for playground mulch and crumb rubber athletic field infill potentially puts the health of children and athletics at risk;" and

WHEREAS, the public has a right to a healthful environment and to be free of the health and environmental hazards posed by the chemical exposures and other dangers from recycled waste tire mulch and crumb;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by the 32nd Legislative District Democrats Organization that they are strongly opposed to the installation or replacement of any facilities or amenities using waste tires, including the use of waste tire crumb rubber and waste tire mulch.

Be It Further Resolved that the 32nd Legislative District Democratic Organization (LDDO) supports other government agencies and partners in their efforts to address community concerns related to waste tire materials and their efforts to find funding for alternative materials.

Be It Further Resolved that the 32nd Legislative District Democrats ask the Cities of Seattle, Lynnwood, Shoreline. Edmonds; and Seattle Public Schools, Shoreline School District, and Edmonds School District to discontinue the use of waste tire materials as ground cover and develop contingency plans and budgets for changing or removing the waste tire rubber mulch and crumb that is now in use to less toxic options.

Be It Further Resolved that the 32nd Legislative District Democrats requests that government agencies and partners operating in the cities of Seattle, Lynnwood, Shoreline, and Edmonds post health and safety information as listed on the Washington State Department of Health website.

Be It Further Resolved that the 32nd Legislative Districts ask the Washington State Health Department to make:

- a. Requirements that facility operators and/or owners post health and safety information as listed on the Washington State Department of Health website.
- b. A public awareness effort for users and property owners about the best safety precautions that can be taken so as to limit or prevent exposure to and ingestion of toxins as well as health concerns related to the heat effects, and

Be it finally resolved that when this resolution is approved by the 32nd LDDO, a copy of it be sent to each of the agencies and governments mentioned herein.

Adopted May 10, 2017 by the 32nd Legislative District Democratic Organization