

Hidden Lake Dam Removal

Alternatives Analysis Discussion

May 23, 2016



Hidden Lake Dam Removal Introduction

- Project Description
- Project Team
- Overview
 - Background
 - Alternatives Analysis Summary
 - Staff Recommendation
 - Discussion



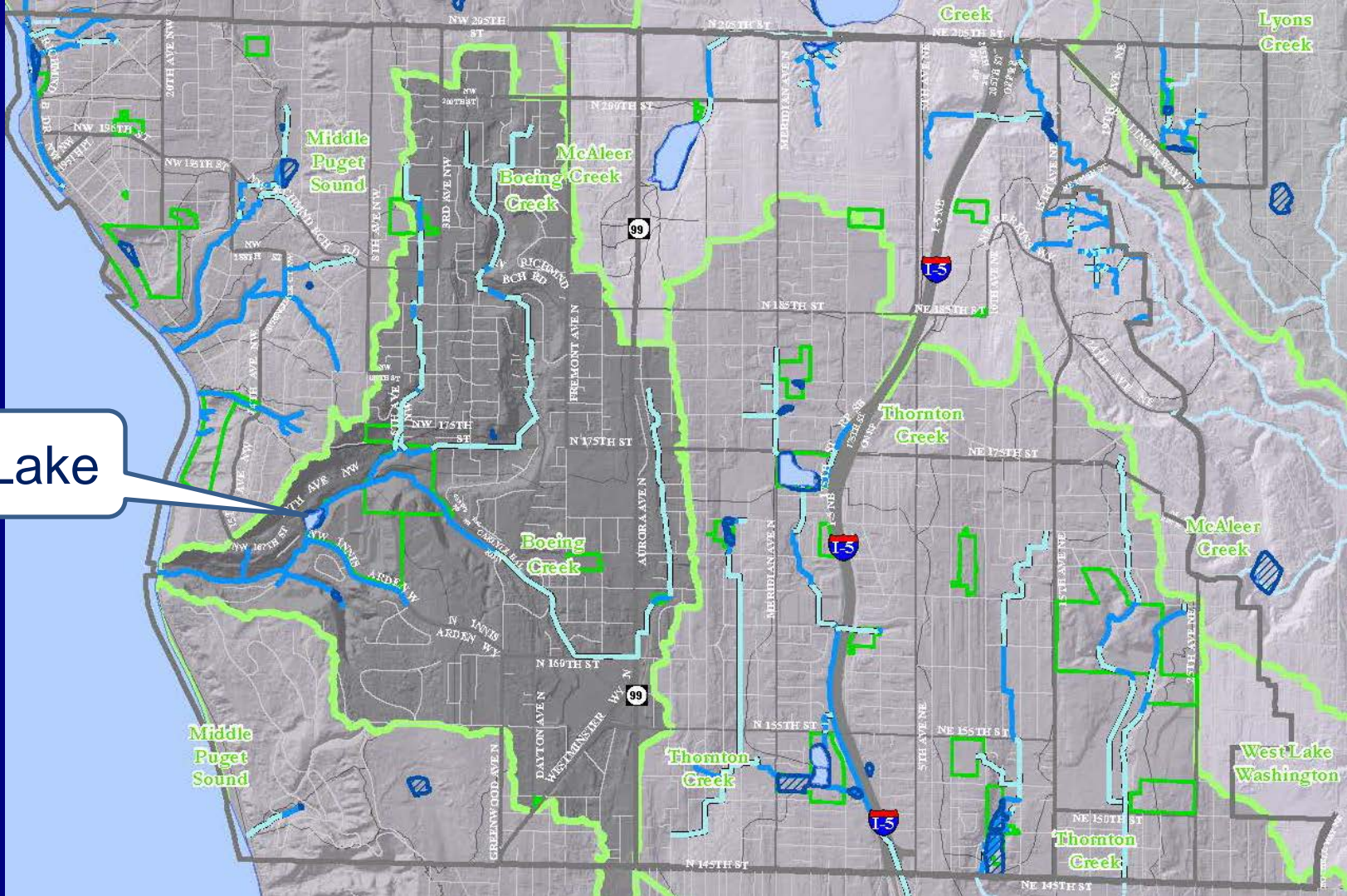
Background

Brief history of Hidden Lake and dam

- Early 20th century private fishing pond origin
- 1996 re-established by King County
- Sedimentation issues
- 2014 Feasibility Study
- Dam Removal Project Alternatives Analysis

Map

Hidden Lake



Hidden Lake Current Status



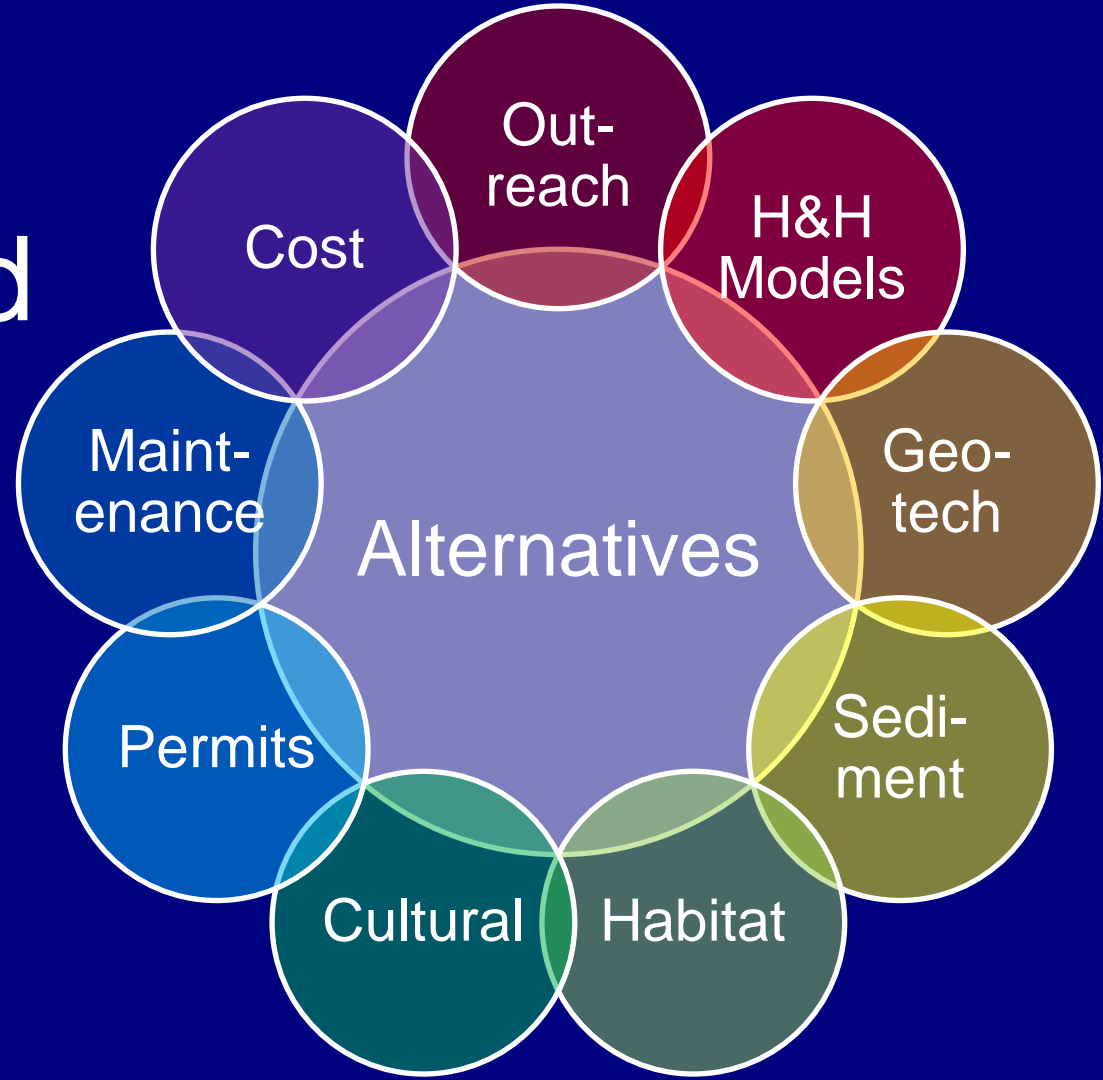
- Last sediment removal in 2013
- Lake expected to fill with sediment by 2020 to 2025
- “No action” not viable due to flood risk

Alternatives Analysis

- Distinct differences
- Criteria for comparison
- Useful for:
 - Outreach
 - Staff recommendation



Analyses Conducted



Outreach

August 2015 – Interview
lakeside residents

October 20, 2015 – Meet
with lakeside residents

October 24, 2015 – Public
meeting at Shoreview Park

January 28, 2016 – Parks
Board meeting

March 25, 2015 – Alternatives
Analysis posted on webpage



Alternative 1 – Minimal



Creek cutting through sediment deposits in lake

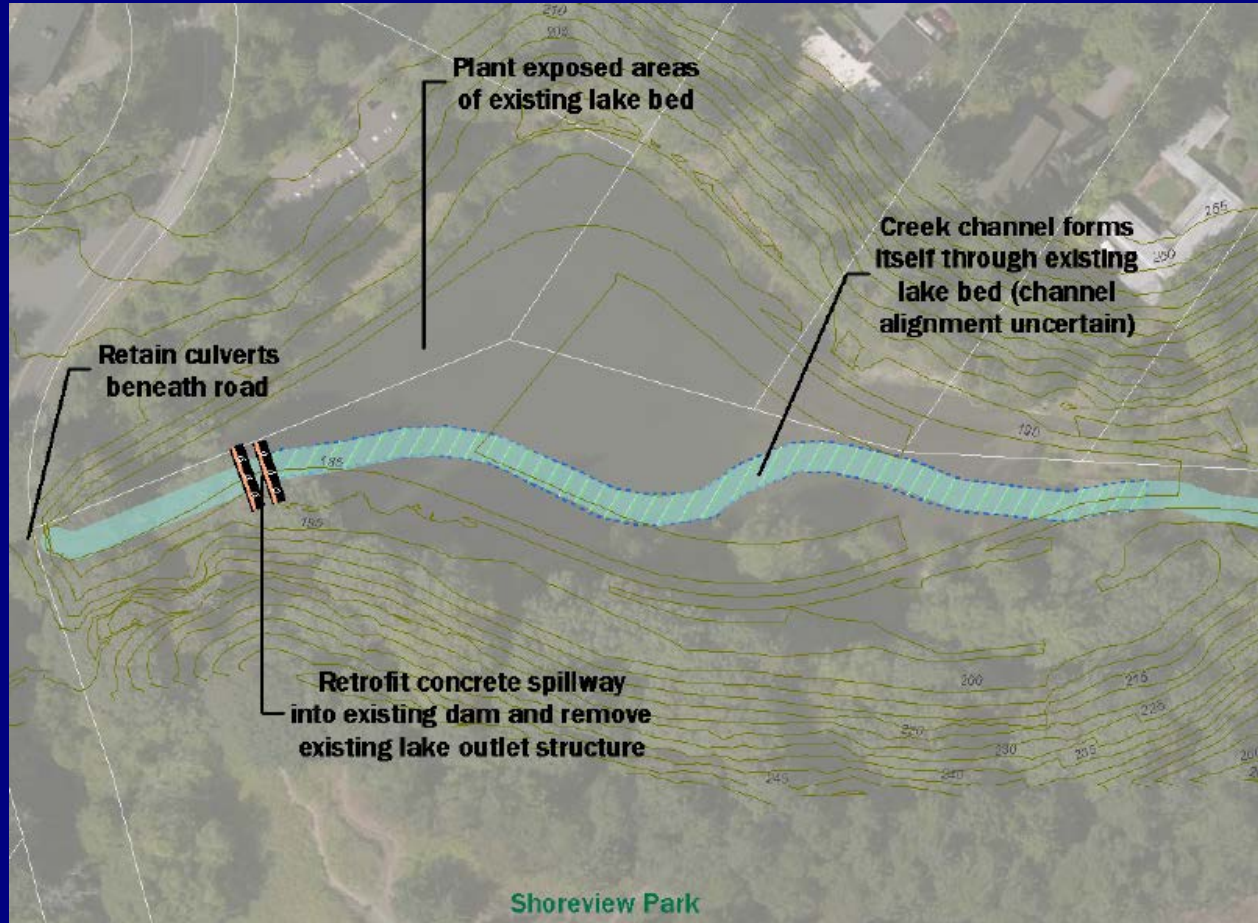


Vegetation growing on sediment deposits in 1993

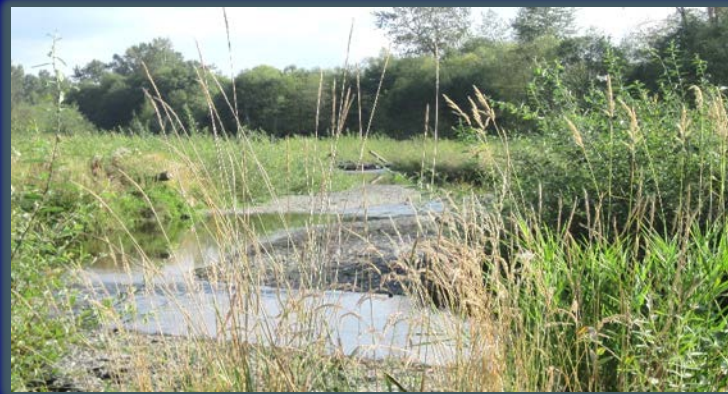


- Dam not removed
- Spillway modifications to direct all flows over dam
- Protects NW Innis Arden Way
- Smaller lake initially
- Eventually lake fills and channel(s) evolve in lake bed
- Potential for invasive weeds
- No fish passage improvement
- Lowest cost

Alternative 1

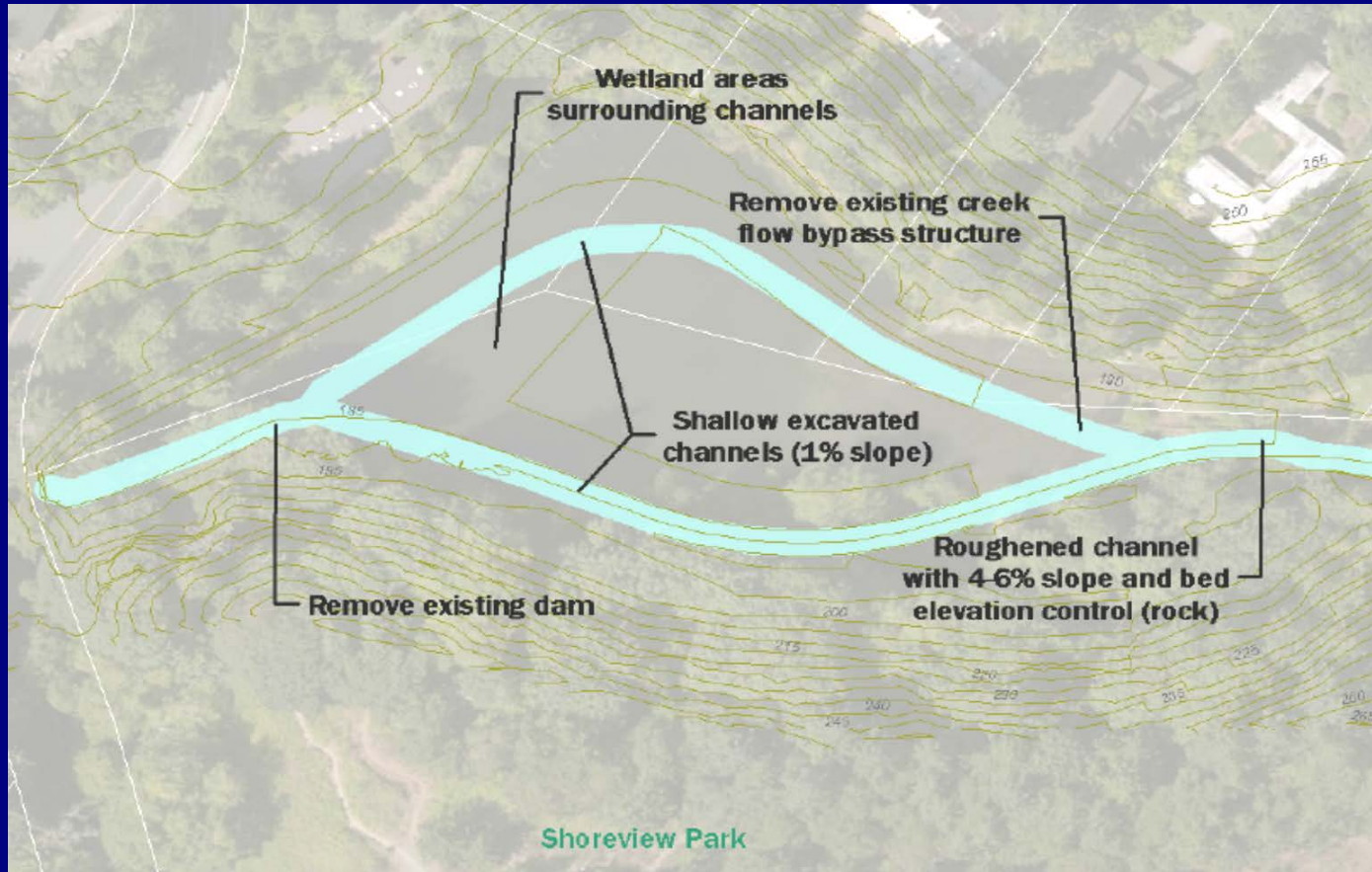


Alternative 2 – Wetland Floodplain

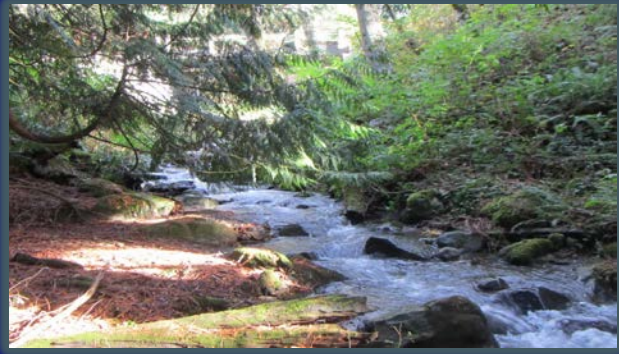


- Dam and lake removed
- Creek channels on public and private property
- Native vegetation planted in lake bed
- Possible park upgrades
- Fish passage barriers removed: 25%
- Higher cost

Alternative 2



Alternative 3 – Forested Channel

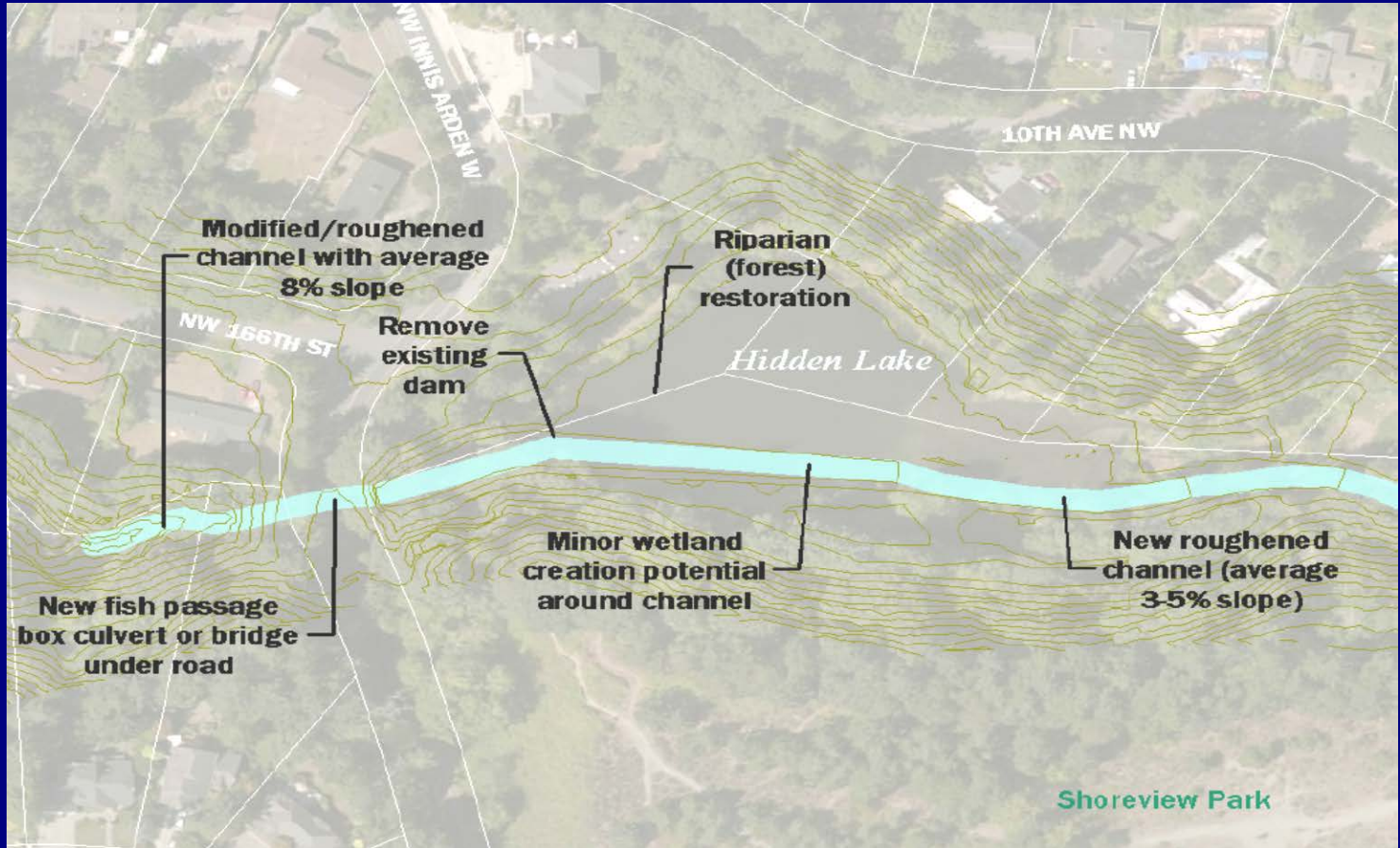


- Dam and lake removed
- Single channel on public property
- Innis Arden Way culverts replaced and other downstream restoration

- Fish passage barriers removed: 75%
- Native vegetation planted
- Possible park upgrades
- Highest cost



Alternative 3



Comparison of 3 Alternatives



Alternative 1

- Minimal
- Lowers flood risk
- Few other benefits
- \$680,000

Alternative 2

- Wetland floodplain
- Lowers flood risk
- Habitat benefits
- 25% fish passage barriers removed
- Park benefits
- Mimics likely historic condition
- \$2,350,000

Alternative 3

- Forested channel
- Best flood risk reduction
- Habitat benefits
- 75% fish passage barriers removed
- Park benefits
- \$5,200,000

Comparison of 3 Alternatives

Among alternatives analyzed, Alternative 3 is the preliminary preferred approach because:

- Best overall flood risk reduction and protection of roadway infrastructure
- Best fish passage and Boeing Creek restoration benefits
- Best Shoreview Park amenities
- Favored in outreach efforts



Comparison of 3 Alternatives

Alternative 3 Implementation:

- Limited Surface Water Utility funds
- Problematic timeframe

Alternative 4

Alternative 4 is a phased and expanded variation upon Alternative 3.

This approach will:

1. Maximize grant funding opportunities
2. Minimize flood risks from sedimentation



Alternative 4

Alternative 4 is a phased and expanded variation of Alternative 3.

- Phase 1 will address priority flooding risk due to sediment in-filling of Hidden Lake
- Phase 2 will provide maximum fish passage and habitat benefits along creek downstream of existing Hidden Lake Dam.

Alternative 4

Alternative 4 - Phase 1: Address Flood Risk

- Remove Hidden Lake Dam and restore Boeing Creek within Shoreview Park
- Install park amenities, including trails
- Potential grant funding from Washington State Recreation and Conservation Office (RCO) Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF); grant application in progress.

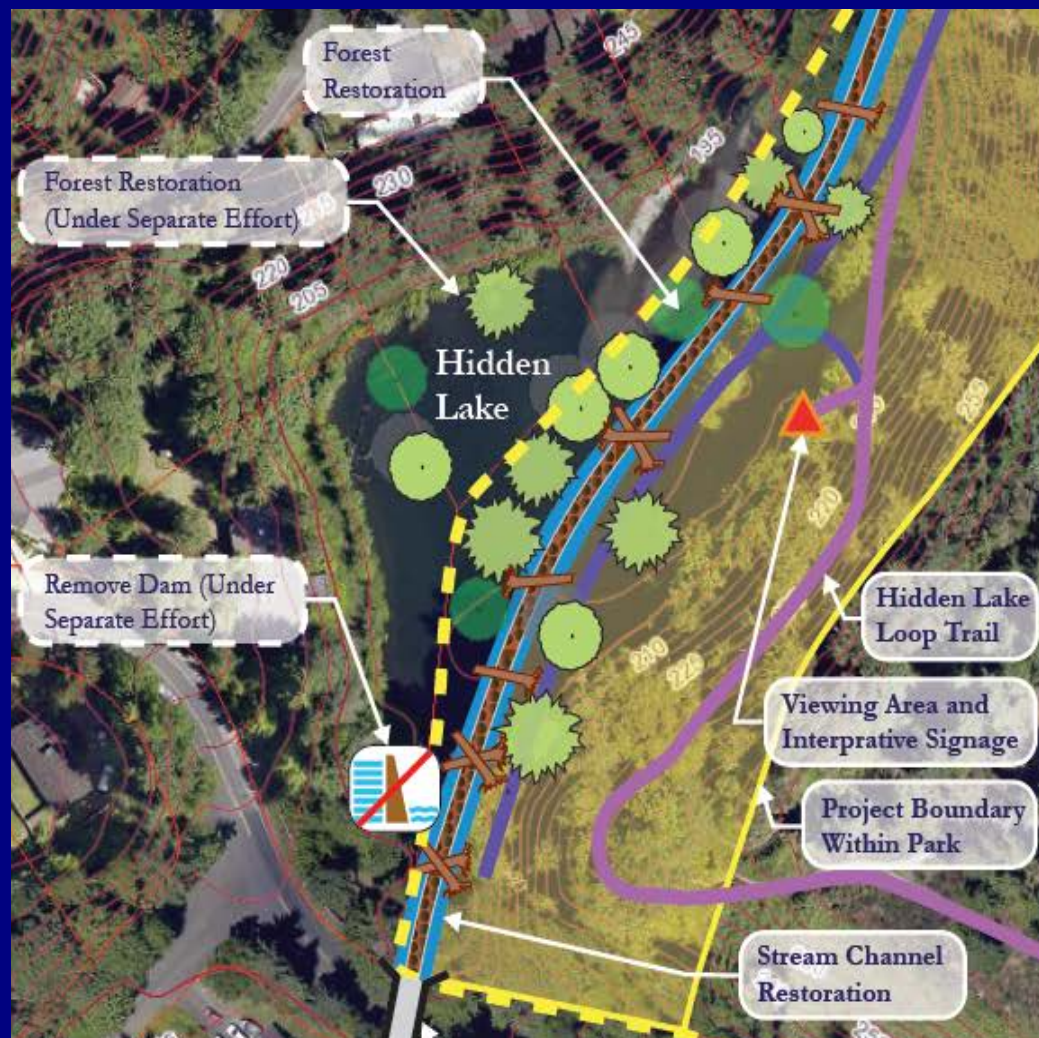
Alternative 4

Phase 1

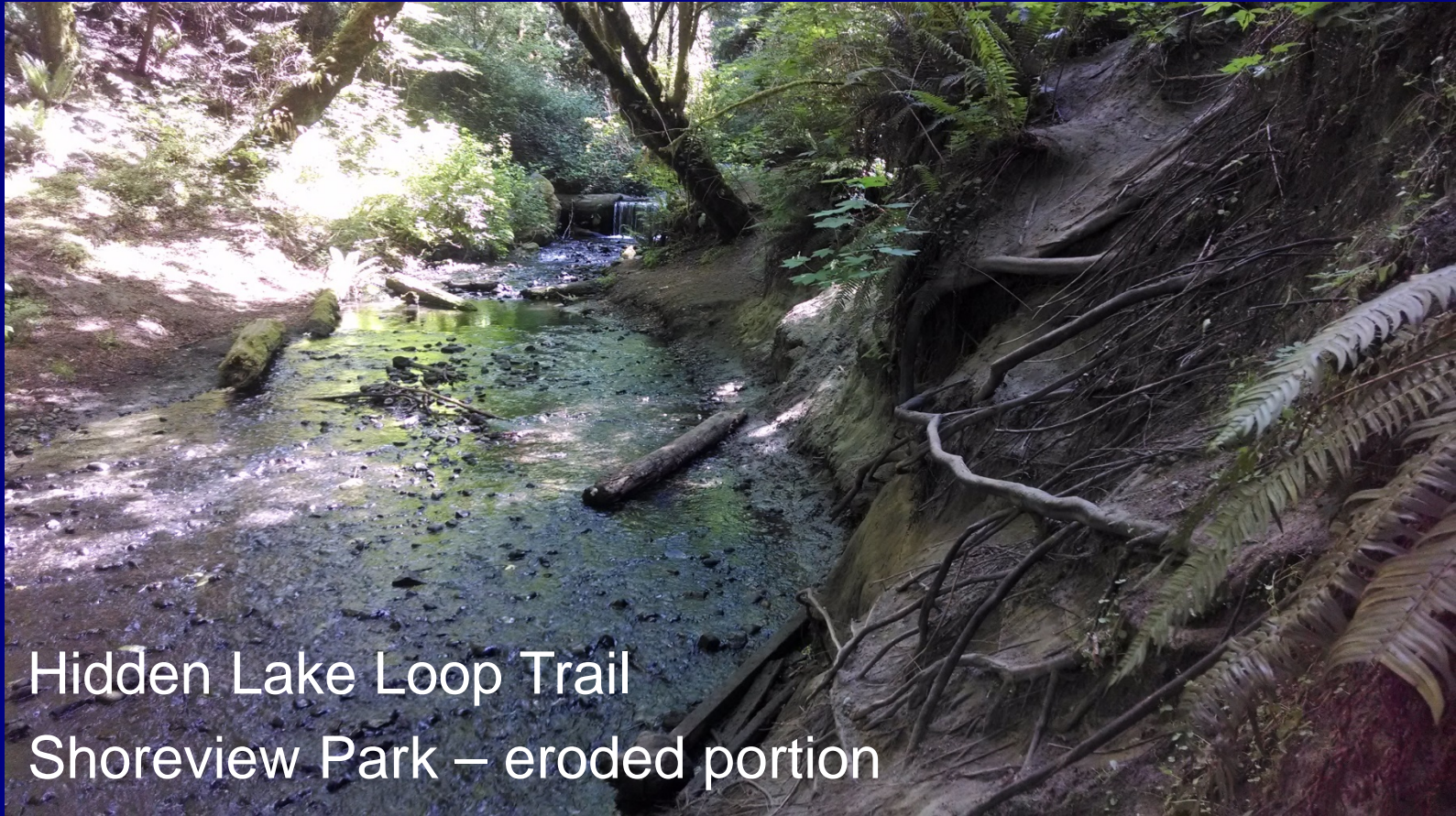
RCO LWCF

Grant Application

Conceptual Plan



Alternative 4 - Phase 1



Hidden Lake Loop Trail
Shoreview Park – eroded portion

Alternative 4 - Phase 1



Hidden Lake Loop Trail
Shoreview Park

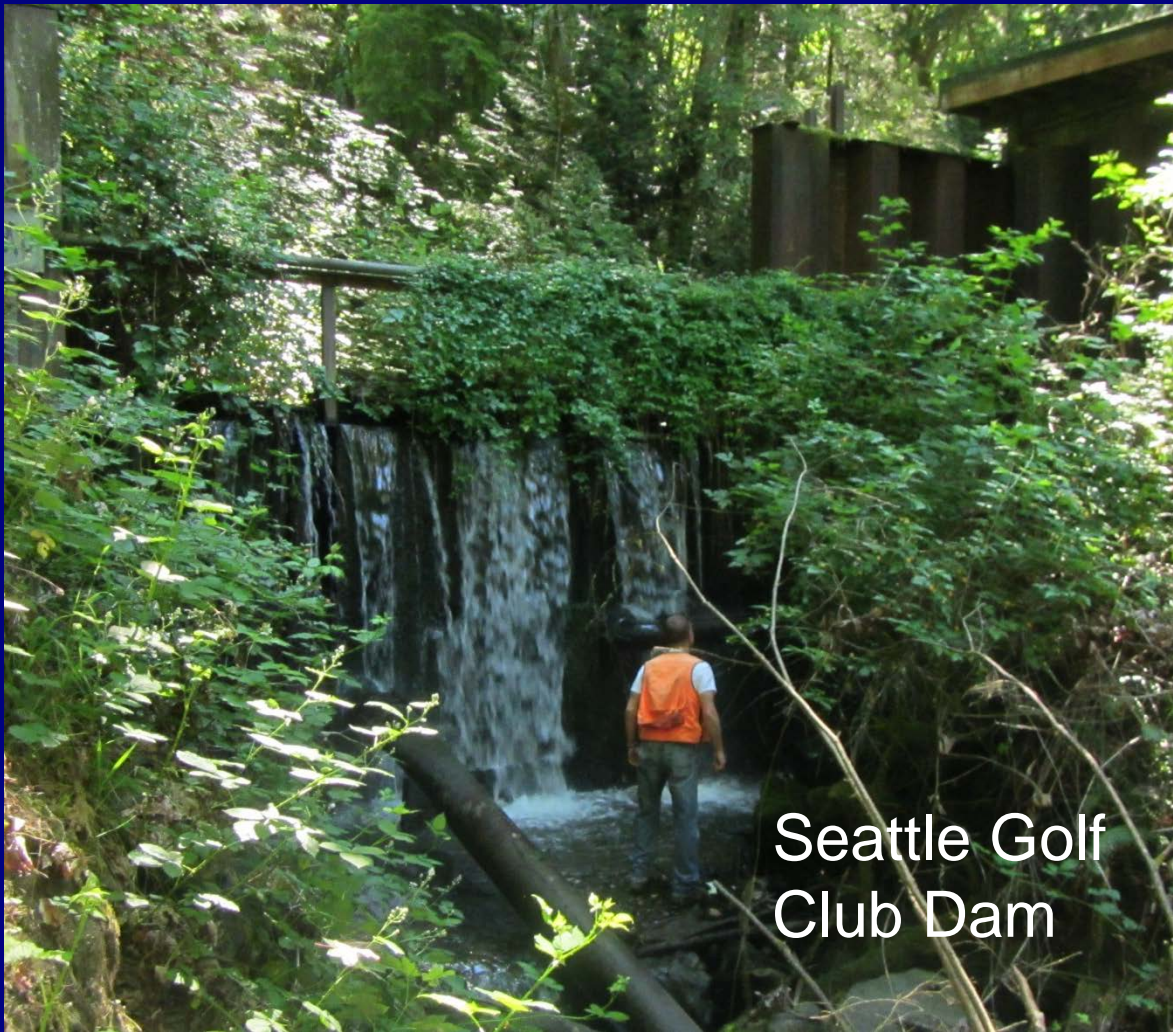
Alternative 4 - Phase 2:

Improve Fish Passage and Habitat

- Remove three remaining major fish passage barriers on Boeing Creek
- Much less time sensitive than Phase 1
- Implementation could take many years
- Contingent upon grant funding



Alternative 4 - Phase 2



Staff Recommendation

Alternative 4 is the recommended approach because:

- Best overall flood risk reduction and protection of roadway infrastructure
- Best Boeing Creek restoration benefits
- Removes all four major fish passage barriers
- Best Shoreview Park amenities
- Favored in outreach efforts
- Maximizes grant funding opportunities



Staff Recommendation (cont.)

Alternative 4 - Phase 1 Estimated Costs:

- \$1.3M, (includes administration, engineering, permitting, and construction) for:
 - \$250,000 for Shoreview Park trail improvements
 - \$300,000 for Hidden Lake Dam removal
 - \$750,000 for Boeing Creek restoration
- \$500,000 in potential RCO LWCF grant funds
- Similar to Feasibility Study dam removal concept

Staff Recommendation (cont.)

Alternative 4 - Phase 2 Estimated Costs:

- \$6.6M, (includes administration, engineering, permitting, and construction) for:
 - \$4.6M for NW Innis Arden Way culvert replacement and other Boeing Creek restoration work
 - \$2M for Seattle Golf Club Dam removal
- Estimated costs are rough
- Long-term approach

Staff Recommendation (cont.)

Alternative 4

- Implementation contingent upon grant funding success
- Surface Water Utility funds will be used only as needed, such as for grant matching and/or other minor funding gaps

Staff Recommendation (cont.)

If funding for Alternative 4 - Phase 1 is not secured by 2018-2019:

- Staff to provide Council with updated recommendation
- Updated options will address flood risks in a timely manner utilizing Surface Water Utility funding

Next Steps

- Pursue grants and other funding
- Monitor sediment accumulation in lake
- Develop design, obtain permits, and construct improvements within 3 to 8 years

Questions?



Painting of Boeing Creek in
Shoreview Park by artist and
Shoreline resident Paul Lewing

